THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, Oct. 26, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

TERMS—Two Dollars per annum, in advance; otherwise Two Dollars and Fifty cents will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are settled.

☞ Letters and communications, by mail, shall have prompt attention.

Time Table.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH, R. R.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

Beaver Station—Going East.

Commencing, Monday, May 16, 1864.—Trains exit Beaver Station as follows:

5:45 A. M.	Arrives at Pittsburgh,	9:30 A. M.
2:00 P. M.	" "	5:50 P. M.
5:54 P. M.	" "	8:05 P. M.

Going West—

Trains leave Pittsburgh as follows:

10 A. M.	Arrives at Beaver,	7:40 A. M.
5:50 P. M.	" "	5:20 P. M.
1:10 P. M.	Rochester,	2:20 P. M.
10:00 A. M.	"	2:10 A. M.

J. N. McCULLOUGH, *Pres't.*

F. R. MYERS, *Gen'l Ticket Agent.*

PITTSBURG, FT. WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R

Rochester Station—Going East.

	Leaves Rochester	Arr. at Pitts.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	5:42 A. M.	7:20 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	6:45 A. M.	8:20 A. M.
3d Brigh'n "	12:38 P. M.	2:35 P. M.
New Castle "	3:05 P. M.	4:50 P. M.
Mail,	5:15 P. M.	7:00 P. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:20 A. M.
2d Express,	2:10 P. M.	3:20 P. M.
Cincin'ti Exp.	6:45 P. M.	7:50 P. M.

Going West—

	Leaves Pitts.	Arr. at Rochester.
Alliance Accom.	2:10 P. M.	8:30 P. M.
1st Brigh'n Accom.	9:15 A. M.	11:00 A. M.
2d Brigh'n "	12:00 A. M.	1:32 P. M.
3d " "	4:40 P. M.	6:15 P. M.
4th " "	5:50 P. M.	7:20 P. M.
Mail,	5:00 A. M.	6:15 A. M.
1st Express,	1:00 A. M.	2:10 A. M.
2d Express,	1:10 P. M.	2:20 P. M.

WM. P. SHINN, Supt., E. D.

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINES.

The Best, Most Reliable Sewing Machine Now in Use!

These Machines make the lock-stitch alike on both sides, and use less than half the thread and silks that the single thread *Chain* stitch requires. The *two* thread loop-stitch Machines *do not*. It will Stitch, Hem, Fell, Quilt, Tuck, Plait, Gather, Cord, Braid, etc., all without previous basting; and are better adapted than any other Sewing Machine in use to the frequent changes and great variety of sewing required in a family; for they will sew from one to twenty thicknesses of Marseilles without stopping, and make every stitch perfect, of from the finest gauze to the heaviest beaver cloth, without changing the feed needle or tension, or making any adjustment of machine whatever.

It has the following advantages over all other machines:

Far greater variety of work; beauty and excellence of stitch; speed and quietness of motion; simplicity of construction; ease and management; elegance of design and finish.

These are peculiar facts, and will go far to determine the choice of an intelligent buyer.

—Please call and examine.

S. H. PEIRSOL,

BEAVER, PA.,

aug17] Sole Ag't for Beaver co.

IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS OF BEAVER COUNTY.

In the matter of the Account of James Mackall, Committee of Joseph Caldwell, a lunatic.

And now, Oct. 18, 1864, on motion, the Court direct notice to be given according to Rule, of the filing of said Account, and that the same will be confirmed on the first day of next term, unless cause be shown to the contrary. [oct19-4] M. WEYAND, Pro.

BEAVER ARGUS.

Vol. 40—No. 43, Beaver, Wednesday, Oct. 26, 1864. Established 1818

U. S. 7-30 LOAN.

The Secretary of the Treasury gives notice that subscriptions will be received for Coupon Treasury Notes, payable three years from August 15th, 1864, with semi-annual interest at the rate of 7 3-10ths per cent. per annum,—principal and interest both to be paid in lawful money.

These notes will be convertible at the option of the holder at maturity, into six per cent. gold bearing bonds, payable not less than five nor more than twenty years from their date, as the Government may elect.—They will be issued in denominations of $50, $100, $500, $1,000 and $5,000, and all subscriptions must be for fifty dollars or some multiple of fifty dollars.

The notes will be transmitted to the owners free of transportation charges as soon after the receipt of the original Certificates of Deposit as they can be prepared.

As the notes draw interest from August 15, persons making deposits subsequent to that date must pay the interest accrued from date of note to date of deposit.

Parties depositing twenty-five thousand dollars and upwards for these notes at any one time will be allowed a commission of one-quarter of one per cent., which will be paid by the Treasury Department upon the receipt of a bill for the amount, certified to by the officer with whom the deposit was made. No deductions for commissions must be made from the deposits.

Special Advantages of this Loan.

It is a National Savings Bank, offering a higher rate of interes than any other, and *the best security.* Any savings bank which pays its depositors in U. S. Notes, considers that it is paying in the best circulating medium of the country, and it *can* ot pay in anything better, for its own assets are either in government securities or in notes or bonds payable in government money.

It is equally convenient as a temporary or permanent investment. The notes can always be sold for within a fraction of their face and accumulated interested, and are the best security with banks as collaterals for discounts.

Convertible into a Six per cent. 6-20 Gold Bond.

In addition to the very liberal interest on the notes for three years, this privilege of conversion is now worth about three per cent. per annum for the current rate for 5-20 Bonds is not less than *nine per cent. premium*, and before the war the premium on six per cent. U. S. stocks was over twenty per cent. It will be seen that the actual profit on this loan, at the present market rate, is not less than ten per cent. per annum.

Its Exemption from State or Municipal Taxation.

But aside from all the advantages we have enumerated, a special Act of Congress *exempts all bonds and Treasury notes from local taxation.* On the average this exemption, according to the rate of taxation in various parts of the country, is worth two per cent. per annum.

It is believed that no securities offer so great inducements to lenders as those issued by the government. In all other forms of indebtedness, the faith of ability of private parties, or stock companies, or separate communities, only, is pledged for payment, while the whole property of the country is held to secure the discharge of all the obligations of the United States.

While the government offers the most liberal terms for its loans, it believes that the very strongest appeal will be to the loyalty and patriotism of the people.

Duplicate certificates will be issued for all deposits. The party depositing must endorse upon the *original* certificate the denomination of notes required, and whether they are to be issued in blank or payable to order. When so endorsed it must be left with the officer receiving the deposit, to be forwarded to the Treasury Department.

Subscriptions will be received by the Treasurer of the United States, at Washington, the several Assistant Treasurers and designated Depositaries, and by the

First National Bank of Pittsburgh,
Third National Bank of Pittsburgh,

AND BY ALL NATIONAL BANKS

which are depositaries of Public money, and all

RESPECTABLE BANKS AND BANKERS

throughout the country will give further information and

Afford Every Facility to Subscribers.

aug-17'64—inside 3 m.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of the county of Beaver, the undersigned, Guardians of the minor children of Thomas S. Wray, late of Beaver co., dec'd, will expose to sale by Public Vendue or outcry, on the premises, on

Wednesday, Nov. 30th, 1864,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the undivided one-half of a certain house and lot, being the real estate of the aforesaid Thos. S. Wray, situate in the village of Sharon, and bounded as follows: On the east by Beaver creek, west by D. McCready, north by Mick Morgan, and south by Charles Wigley.

TERMS—One-half of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, balance in one year from that date, with interest from same time.

By the Court,
MARY WRAY,
JOHN A. FEAZIER,
Guardian.

oct19'64

FRUIT TREES, GRAPE VINES, &c.

T. E. SHIELDS & CO'S stock of

Trees, Vines, Ornamental Plants, &c.,

which they offer for sale this fall, is very large and of the first quality in all respects, viz:

APPLE, PEACH,
PEAR, CHERRY,
PLUM, QUINCE,

and GRAPE VINES,

Delaware, Concord, Diana, and the other new varieties Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberries, and Small Fruits, in great variety.

Parties coming to the Nurseries by Edgeworth station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. Railway, in the morning, rainy, can select their own trees, and return in the afternoon.

T. E. SHIELDS & CO.

oct12 Bowerly, Allegheny co., Pa.

Hear an Old Soldier.

The following is a letter written by Gen. Wool to a friend in New York. Will not honest Democrats and luke warm Republicans heed the voice of the hero of the war of '12, of the war of '45, and the war of '61:—

I was more than delighted with the views you entertained in regard to the subject of McClellan to the Presidency of the United States. You have said truthfully that his "election means the trailing of our flag in the dust before its enemies; the entire subserviency of the North to the South;" and you might have added the surrender of the United States to Jefferson Davis and his government. That such is the intention, if they succeeded in the election of McClellan, of the leaders of the wide-spread conspiracy of peacemakers, there cannot be a shadow of doubt. It extends over the North, as well as the South. Its influence is seen and felt in every city, town and hamlet throughout the land with its headquarters in Canada, stimulated and encouraged by the three Presidential factions in the Republicans ranks, which appears to have paralized the whole party.

The conspirators have taken advantage of this silence and apathy of the Republicans, who have hitherto professed to be supporters of the war, and have not failed to add to their ranks the weak and cowardly of the Republican party, as well as of the Democrat party. Within the last two days however, the Republicans have been somewhat roused from their lethagy by the recent successes of Major General Sherman. Nothing, for aught that I can discover, will save the Union and its Government but the successes of Grant, Sherman, Farragut and Sheridan.

These successes may rouse the people and preserve our country; but nothing else, from present appearances, will save it from the danger which it is threatened. The perils of the Union were never greater than at the present moment. The conspirators have secret association, whose members are scattered over the land, using every means in their power to alarm and frighten the ignorant and timid. They are also distributed throughout the armies and navy of the United States, and exerting all their power to induce those who have the privilege of voting to cast their votes for McClellan, who is represented to be popular with the rank and file. A vote for this dangerous conspiracy and their convention and candidate for the Presidency.

It was not the sword of Cæsar that destroyed the liberty of Rome, but the demagogues that thronged the forum with souls dead to their country's honor, and spotted with corruption

* * * * * *

I am respectfully, your obed't serv't.

JOHN E. WOOL.

Woodward and McClellan.

The following are extracts from a speech of Judge Woodward, delivered at Philadelphia, December 13th, 1860.

The South seems inclined to accept the judgment of the people at the polls in 1860. Everywhere in the South the people are begining to look out for the means of self-defence.—Could it be expected that they would be indifferent to such events as have occurred? that they would be idle and see measures concerted and carried forward for the annihilation, sooner or later, of their property in slaves? Such expectations, if indulged, are not reasonable. And it appears to me that there must be a time in this conflict, if it be indeed irrepressable, when slaveholders may lawfully fall back on their natural rights, and employ in defence of the slave property whatever means of protection they possess or can command.

* * * * * *

We must arouse ourselves and reassert the rights of the slaveholder, and add such guarantees to the Constitution as will protect his property from the spoliation of religious bigotry and persecution, or else we must give up the Constitution.

* * * * * *

The Constitution, which is strung enough to govern such men (the revolutionary fathers) is too weak to restrain us who have outgrown the grave and moderate wisdom that excited no irrepressable conflict between brethern, but taught them to dwell in unity. I would make it strong enough to restrain the madness of the day.

And yet General McClellan after Woodward had thus declared his traitorous sentiments, and after he had deprived the soldiers of the right of suffrage by his unrighteous decision, wrote the following letter:

GRANGE, N. J., Oct. 12 1863.

To Hon. Charles Biddle, Chairman Democratic Central Committee.

* * * * * *

DEAR SIR:—I desire to state that having some days ago had a full conversation with Judge Woodward, and that our views agreed. I regard his election as Governor of Pennsylvania as called for by the interests of the nation. * * * I would, were it in my power, give Judge Woodward my voice and vote.

I am, very respectfully, yours,

GEO B. McCLELLAN

Would a *loyal* man have done it?

Pendleton's Vote.

He voted against the bill [illegible] increased revenue from imp[illegible] which passed the House, Au[illegible] year 39, nays 30.

He voted against the bill [illegible] internal revenue, support th[illegible] ment, and pay interest on [illegible] debt, passed April 8, 1862; [illegible] nays, only 15, among the [illegible] patriots as Kerrigan, Voo[illegible] Vallandigham, but the vast[illegible] even of Democrats, voted [illegible] as essential to carry on the [illegible] ment. Impelled by the sa[illegible] of hostility to the war, Pen[illegible] ted against the Internal Re[illegible] of 1864, against the Tariff A[illegible] against the bill to tax insurr[illegible] districts and against the [illegible] Note Act of Feb. 6, 1864.

Consistent in his friendship to all the open friends of the rebellion, Pendleton was one of the twenty-[illegible] who voted against the resolutions denouncing Harris of Maryland, for treasonable language on the floor of the House. June 30, 1864, he voted for LeBlond's proposition for an armistice and commissioners; the campaigns in Virginia and Georgia then actively going forward.

He declared by his vote on the 18th of January, 1864, as he had in his speech cited, that he does not believe in the right to crush the rebellion.—Mr. Green Clay Smith, of Kentucky, offered this preamble and resolution:

WHEREAS, A most desperate, wicked, and bloody rebellion exists within the jurisdiction of the United States, and the safety and security of personal and national liberty depend upon its utter and absolute extinction; therefore,

Resolved, That it is the political, civil, moral and sacred duty of the people to meet it, fight it, crush it, and forever destroy it.

This passed with but sixteen nays; among them Harris, Long, Pendleton Voo-hees, and Fernando Wood.

These resolutions were offered in the House Dec. 10, 1863. The first declared for the prosecution of the war. Pendleton voted square against it—61 other Democrats with him. The second resolution was as follows:

"That we hold it to be the duty of Congress to pass all necessary bills to supply men, and the duty of the people to render every aid in their power to the constituted authorities of the Government in crushing out the rebellion, and bringing the traitors thereof to [illegible]" Pendleton dodged the vote, although he had just voted on the preceding resolution and appears immediately afterward voting on the next.

Is the War a Failure?

Says Lieut. Gen. Grant:

"The end is not far distant, if we will only be true to ourselves. All we want now to insure an early restoration of the Union is a determined unity of sentiment North."

Says Maj. Gen. Hooker:

"This Union must be preserved, and there is no way of preserving it, but by the power of our arms—by fighting the conspiracy to death. This rebellion is tottering while I speak; is going down, and will soon tumble into ruin."

Says Maj. Gen. Meade:

"Dismissing, is now useless, to discuss; all questions as to the origin of this war, we have daily and hourly evidences that it exists, and that it can only be terminated by hard fighting, and by determined efforts to overcome the armed enemies of the Government."

Says Maj. Gen. Burnside:

"Would it not be cowardly for us to say that this rebellion cannot be crushed, and the authority of the Government sustained? There is in my mind no question of it. There can be no such thing as laying down of arms, or cessation of hostilities, until the entire authority of the Government is acknowledged by every citizen of our country."

Says Maj. Gen. Logan:

"The greatest victory of the rebels, greater than fifty Manasses, and their only one that can give them a particle of hope, will be to defeat the war party at the incoming campaign."

Says Maj Gen. Dix:

"My desire is to do all in my power to sustain the Government in its efforts to put down the rebellion—an object to be effected in my judgment by a steady and unswerving prosecution of the war."

Says the old veteran Maj. Gen. Wool:

"Nothing, for aught that I can discover, will save the Union and its Government, but the success of Grant, Sherman, Farragut, and Sheridan."

DR. TOBIAS' VENETIAN HORSE LINIMENT.—Pint bottles at 50 cts each for lameness, cuts, galls, colic, sprains, &c., warranted cheaper than any other. It is used by all the great horse-men on Long Island courses. It will not cure ring bone nor spavin, as there is no Liniment in existence that will. What it is stated to cure it positively does. *No owner of horses will be without after trying one bottle.* One dose revives and often saves the life of an over-heated or driven horse. For colic and belly-ache it has never failed. Just as sure as the sun rises, just so sure is this valuable Liniment to be the Horse embrocation of the day. Sold by all druggists. Office, Cortlandt St., New-York.

A Few Questions.

It is vain that Gen. M'Clellan, in stepping upon the Chicago Platform and placing himself by the side of Mr. Pendleton, says:

"The Union at all hazards."

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why is he the candidate of all who repudiate the Union?

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why is he the fellow-candidate of Mr. Pendleton, who lately thanked God that he "had never voted or given a dollar in support of the war, or in payment of abolition soldiers?"

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why is he the candidate of a Convention which declares the war a failure, calls for an immediate cessation of hostilities, and asks for a Convention to surrender the authority of the Government?

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why has he accepted the Chicago nomination without a word of protest against its assumption that the war is a failure, and without a syllable of dissent from its base proposition to surrender the Government by treating with rebels and offering conditions of obedience to the laws?

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why is he supported by every advocate of State rights against the sovereignty of the Union?

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why does Horatio Seymour support him, who says that if the Union cannot be maintained without emancipation, the Union must go that Slavery may be saved?

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why did the rebel Senator Semmes lately say at Jackson, "*Our* (the rebel) hopes for an early peace are dependent entirely on the success of the Democratic party at the North in the approaching Presidential election?"

If he is for the Union at all hazards why do the rebel-disunion papers declare that "the influence of the South, more powerful in the shock of battle than when throwing our minority vote in an electoral college, will be cast in favor of M'Clellan?"

If he is for the Union at all hazards, why does the news of Union victories decrease his chances of election?—*Harper's Weekly.*

McClellan's Friends.

Every rebel newspaper in the South, every Tory newspaper in England, every Imperial newspaper in France, [illegible] tion of it.

Now, how is it, that Rebels, Tories, Imperialists and Copperheads are in such extraordinary accord on this point? What is there that unites them all in such a longing that Geo. B. M'Clellan should displace Abraham Lincoln? Can it be a desire for the strength and glory of our country? Do rebels favor him because they want the Confederacy wiped out and the Union restored? Do the privileged classes of England favor him because they want our Democratic institutions to be secured and strengthened? Do the supporters of the French Emperor favor him because they imagine that the success of "the Model Republic" will commend the Imperial system and perpetuate his dynasty?

These are questions that no supporter of M'Clellan dare undertake to answer. To answer yes to them, would be ridiculous. To say anything else, would be to confess that the election of M'Clellan promises ill, and not good, to the country.

Political.

This is Stephen A Douglas's estimate of Abraham Lincoln:

"He is a fearless, honest man, and the country will be safe in his hands."

This is what Mr. Douglas said to General Stondman, at Detroit, in the autumn of 1860, just before Mr. Lincoln was elected.

The *Atlas and Argus* (N. Y.) is much more honest in verse than in prose.—In a recent 'ode to Mac it says:

For we all go Mac blind,
Johnny, fill up the bowl!

Two very prominent Copperhead characteristics are here very candidly avowed.

"Let every man go to the front," says Jeff Davis.

"Let every man go to the rear!" says Gen. M'Clellan.

"How fortunate for us," says the Richmond *Whig*, "that he (M'Clellan) was chosen chief of the Yankee army." That was when the war was "a failure." Since the rebel good fortune in the command of our forces has ceased, the tide has turned.

The *World* says: "Correspondents cannot be too careful in addressing their letters to the *World*." Thanks so—if they have any regard for a loyal reputation.

A great deception is practised upon the soldiers by the circulation of Copperhead electoral tickets labeled "*Union Soldier's Vote.*" Friends of the soldier should see to the prevention and counteraction of this insidious mischief.

It does not pay to address a McClellan meeting. While Governor Parker, of New Jersey, was addressing one in New York, the other evening, he had his pocket picked of his watch. The only persons near him at the time were the officers of the meeting.

Another Brilliant Victory by Sheridan.

CEDAR CREEK, Va., Oct. 19—10 A.M.

Lieut. Gen. Grant, City Point. I have the honor to report that my army at Cedar Creek was attacked this morning before daylight, and my left turned and driven in confusion, with a loss of twenty pieces of artillery. I hastened from Winchester, where I was on my return from Washington, and found the army between Middletown and Newton, having been driven back about four miles. There I took the affair in hand and quickly united the corps, and formed a compact line of battle quite in time to repulse an attack of the enemy, which was done handsomely at about 1 p. m. After some changes of cavalry from the left to the right flank, I attacked with with great vigor, driving and routing the enemy, capturing according to last report, forty-three pieces of artillery and very many prisoners.

I do not know the number of casualties or losses of the enemy. Wagon trains ambulances and caissons in large numbers are in our possession.—they also burned some of their trains. Gen. Ramseur is a prisoner in our hands, severely and perhaps mortally wounded.

I have to regret the loss of General Bidwell killed, and Generals Wright, Grover and Ricketts wounded. Affairs at times looked badly, but by the gallantry of our brave officers and men, disaster has been converted into a splendid victory. Darkness again intervented to shut off greater results. I now occupy Strasburg. As soon as obtained I will send you further particulars.

P. H SHERIDAN,
Maj. General.

What the numbers were opposed to Sheridan are not yet reported to the Department, but the boldness, vigor and success of the attack strongly indicate that a heavy reinforcement had been sent from Richmond with the expectation of fulfilling Longstreet's boast, to "smash up Sheridan."

Longstreet was known to be in the valley and had assumed command of the army, and Confederate hopes of an overwhelming disaster to the Union army were boastfully expressed for several days back by rebel adherents in Washington and Baltimore.

WASHINGTON, October 21—The following telegram received this morning, which are daily working in the public mind in favor of Gunboat McClellan. While the cons are thus energetically engaged, the intelligent voter finds something suggestive in the fact that the electoral ticket for Mr. Lincoln is headed by Edward Everett in Massachusetts, Daniel S. Dickinson in New York, Thomas Cunningham, in Pennsylvania, and David Tod, in Ohio—all respectable names, and all of them men who opposed Mr. Lincoln in 1860. The nomination of these men was spontaneous—it sprang from the people and not from the politicians, and it shows the class of solid, thinking, patriotic men whom they represent are a body upon the side of the country and against McClellan.—The fact that they are so is one of the heart-cheering signs of the times.—*Tribune.*

☞ Alexander Long, the Copperhead Congressman who advocated disunion, writes from Cincinnati: "There is no enthusiasm in the Democracy, and the election is almost going by default. I see nothing but defeat. What else, when for years past Mr. Long and his friends have been preaching nothing but defeat and surrender? What else, after they have attempted to sell their party and the country?

☞ The New York McClellanites having declared that the price of flour and provisions will go up if Lincoln is elected, a respectable flour dealer offered to sell 1,000 bbls extra State flour at any time within the next four years for $7 75 per barrel if Lincoln is elected. None of the McClellanites accepted the offer.

☞ The Copperheads say that McClellan has great self-control. Yes, we never heard of him losing his temper but once, and that was when Col. Metcalf, of Kentucky, told him that his friend Jefferson Davis was not a gentleman. That put him in a great rage.

☞ At a McClellan meeting in Cincinnati one of the banners represented McClellan and Jeff Davis shaking hands—"exhausting all the arts of statesmanship."

☞ The Copperhead papers are always prating of "Lincoln's hirelings," but their candidate still persists in holding the position of one of Lincoln's hirelings at a large salary.

☞ A man in Chicago, who had acquired the bad habit of taking drinks and not paying for them, was recently shot dead by a bar tender to settle the account.

☞ A butternut asked a soldier if he was for McClellan. "McClellan the devil!" replied the soldier. "No, I always vote the same direction I shoot."

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

Advertisements inserted at the rate of $1 per square—each subsequent insertion 50 cents. A liberal discount made to yearly advertisers, and on long advertisements.

A space equal to twelve lines of this type measured as a square.

Special notices 25 per cent. addition to reg lar rates.

Business cards, 75 cents a line, per year.

Marriages and Deaths, Religious, Political and other Notices of a public nature, free.

List of Jurors

For November Term, Commencing 2nd Monday.

GRAND JURORS.

Patterson tp—John R. Hoops, (foreman.)
Hanover tp—Benoni Anderson, Robt. Brirely, John Reed (of Isaac).
Chippewa tp—John Bradshaw.
Hopewell tp—Michael Berry.
Economy tp—John Cummins.
Ohio tp—Daniel Cloud.
Borough tp—Aaron Doutt.
Fallston boro—Elijah Evans, James H. Morelan.
Big Beaver tp—James D. Fombelle.
Raccoon tp—Thos Gormley.
Darlington tp—George Greer.
Rochester boro—Wm. Kountz, Samuel Moore, Wm. Miller.
Pulaski tp—John Kettlewood.
Greene tp—James Latham, Milo Thompson.
New Brighton boro—Philip Martsoff.
Marion tp—Hugh C. Phillis.
Moon tp—G. W. Shrodes.
North Sewickley tp—James K Thompson.

PETIT JURORS.

Franklin tp—Englehart Auteutreicht, James Baxter, Jno. M'Caskey.
Big Beaver tp—Milton A. Anderson, Robt. Harbison.
Marion tp—Philip Bimber.
Freedom boro—Chas. H. Beutel.
Independence tp—Benj. Butler, John Baker.
Greene tp—Levi Barnes, Andrew Swaney.
Darlinton tp—Peter Crowl, Jas Young.
New Sewickly tp—Wm. Cable, Arthur Frampton, Jas. Parks, T. F. Robinson.
Hookstown boro—Jos. Cain.
Borough tp.—S. H. Darragh, G. W. Hamilton, Jackson Edwards, E. M. Thomas.
Chippewa tp—Robert Dunlap, Sr.
Ohio tp—Alex. Berringer, John Minsinger.
Industry tp—Jos. Ewing
New Brighton boro—Jno Hodgkinson.
Patterson Mitchell, Milton Townsend.
Hopewell tp—Zachariah Hall,
Raccoon tp—John Jack.
South Beaver tp—P. D. Lambright, Harbison M'Millin.
Harmony tp—Jonathan Lenz.
Frankfort boro—G. W Morrison.
Pulaski tp—Hugh M'Guire.
Economy tp—Geo. Neely.
Rochester boro—George Otto.

THE BEAVER ARGUS.

Wednesday, Oct. 26, 1864.

D. L. IMBRIE, Editor & Proprietor.

National Union Nominations

For President,

ABRAHAM LINCOLN,

OF ILLINOIS.

For Vice President,

ANDREW JOHNSON,

OF TENNESSEE.

Union Presidential Electors.

SENATORIAL.

Morton M'Michael, Philadelphia.
Thomas Cunningham, Beaver County.

REPRESENTATIVES.

1 Robert P King	13 Elias W Hale
2 G Morrison Coats	14 Chas H Shriner
3 Henry Bumm	15 John Wister
4 William H Kern	16 D M'Conaughy
5 Barton H Jenks	17 David W Woods
6 Charles M Runk	18 Isaac Benson
7 Robert Parke	19 John Patton
8 William Taylor	20 Samuel B Dick
9 John A Hiestand	21 Everard Bierer
10 Richard H Coryell	22 John P. Penney
11 Edward Halliday	23 E M'Junkin
12 Charles F Reed	24 J W Blanchard

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These terms will be strictly adhered to.

Rates of Advertising:

One square, 1 insertion..... $1 00
Each subsequent insertion..... 50
1 column, 6 mos..... 12 00
¼ column, 6 mos..... 20 00
1 column, 6 mos..... 35 00
Professional and business Cards, not exceeding 10 lines..... 8 00
Executors, Administrators and Auditor's Notices, each..... 3 00
Local notices, 10 cents per line each insertion.
Deaths and Marriages will be published gratis where the same does not exceed five lines; for each additional line 5 cents will be charged—excepting in the notices of deceased soldiers, which will be published free.

"Rally Round the Flag Boys."

But a few days are left for us in which to prepare for the great contest which is to determine the destiny of the Republic. Then rally, boys! Work, work, from this until night-fall of the 8th of November. We may all be satisfied as to the loyalty of a large majority of the people of our State, yet there is much work to be done in preparing for the great contest in November. See your neighbors; get every man to the polls who will vote for the salvation of our country. Many, honest democrats will through ignorance of the issues, vote with the traitors unless they are convinced of their error. See all such men. Endeavor to convince them of their mistakes. Show them the disguise that they are bringing upon themselves and their posterity, that without the "Soldiers" ballot, it may not be denied that the vote is an extremely close one; and having reference to the fact that the Copperheads in the North and the rebels in the South are operating together to prevent as many soldiers from voting as possible, it behooves us to be actively, energetically and persistently at work for the great struggle near at hand.

It will not do to say that the loyal heart of the state is aroused to the necessity for action. It is not sufficiently aroused. If it were we should have beaten our opponets by at least twenty thousand on the home vote. There is material enough, and more, to do this, but it must be impressed with the necessity for prompt and vigorous action. Short as the time is there is much—very much—that may be done.

Loyal men of Beaver County, we again say go to work! Arouse! The coporteurs should *now* be traversing every hill and valley of Beaver county and of our good old commonwealth, circulating documents, rousing the people to action and exorting them to duty. Let the work begin *now*—to-day. The campaign must necessarily be brief. Let us roll up such a majority for the Union cause and its standard bearers as shall overwhelm treason North and South. We have the ability to do it; but all must work.—"Rally round the flag, boys!" Close up the ranks; let every man be ready for the mighty struggle, then forward for victory. "Down with the the traitors, and up with the flag."

☞ We have elected seventeen, and probably eighteen, out of the twenty-four members of Congress in Pennsylvania. We have carried both branches of the State Legislature by at least thirty majority. This no one will deny, and yet the Copperheads have the impudence to say that they have carried the State. We can afford to let them carry it this way every time.—All the lies that copperheads and traitors can invent, will not carry the State of Pennsylvania for the Mac-Pendleton ticket.

☞ Delaines, Prints, Coburgs, Alpacas, Poplins, Checks, Muslins, Satinetts, Shawls, Notions, &c., together with Boots, Shoes and Clothing, can be found at James H. Stokes', New Brighton, next door to the Keystone Hotel. Call and examine.

Desperation of the Copperheads and Rebels.

Nothing can be more gratifying to the loyal men of the Union both North and South than the despairing tone assumed by the Copperhead journals North and their allies the rebel papers South. Despite the mighty efforts put forth by the Northern copperhead press, it is evident that their courage, like that of "Bob Acres," is fast oozing out of their fingers ends, and despite the notorious falsifications of the Richmond papers, there is such a despondent tone pervading the whole of their press, that it is evident even to the most obtuse that their faith is fast leaving them. And why not? The victories of Grant and Sherman have been making such heavy inroads upon the Confederacy that every effort of Lee and Hood was taxed to the utmost to counteract them. And the victories of Sheridan up the Valley were fast becoming so frequent and so potent that Jeff Davis could stand it no longer. He therefore dispatched Longstreet with the flower of his army to "crush out Sheridan," and drive him out of the valley. The attempt was made, with the intention of carrying out this programme to the very letter. In the stillness of the night, the enemy massed his army behind the hills on the south west side of Cedar Creek. At a given signal the enemy marched rapidly in solid columns of regiments, drove our men back over the bridge on said stream and reached the side of the hill occupied by Thoburn's Division of the Eighth Corps. Colonel Thoburn was killed and the Union forces routed. For a time it seemed as though all was lost, but Gen. Sheridan, who was at Winchester, soon made his appearance upon the field of battle, and as Napoleon, at the celebrated battle of Marengo, he snatched a victory from the very jaws of defeat. The enemy had already supposed themselves victorious, and having driven our forces some distance, were preparing to gather the fruits of victory, when Sheridan rapidly reforming the scattered troops, soon made another charge, which drove the surprised rebels and scattered them in all directions. This victory was one of the most brilliant and important of the brilliant series of victories which have already made the name of "Little Phil" immortal. The effects of this great victory cannot be easily over-estimated. It will prove the death-blow to the rebellion in the valley of Virginia, and this it is which gives such a despondent tone to the rebel press North and South. General Price, says that he is driving him out of the State, and General Sherman is rapidly driving Hood before him. General Grant is holding a tight grasp upon the throat of the rebellion before Richmond, and altogether things look bad for the rebels. Politically things do not look much better. Indiana, Ohio and Pennsylvania have voted the wrong way, and the rest of the States appear to be following in the lead of these three states. It is, in fact, now a question whether McClellan will be able to carry a single state in November. The hearts of the Unionists beat high with expectation and hope. The rebellion is crumbling slowly to pieces before our victorious armies, and the prospects of "Little mack" wanes apace. We have but to make a brilliant charge in November and we shall drive all before us. We have now got the right men in the right places, and it seems to be the intention of the people that they shall remain there. So mote it be. Copperheadism is being rapidly "played out." After the election there will be scarcely a vestige of it left.

Organize! Organize!!

In less than two weeks an election for President and Vice President will be held, and the destiny of the nation decided. Union men, who believe the salvation of the country depends upon carrying the coming election, should work as they never did before. You can certainly spend a few days, or a week if necessary, to look after the interests of the party in your districts. You are unworthy of a freeman's rights of a liberal Government if you cannot. See that the townships are organized. Arrange to have every voter brought out on the day of election. Work as our soldiers fight—bravely, earnestly, determinedly and continuously, if need be. Let us roll up a large majority for Union and peace. In this struggle for perpetuity and liberty bear your part well, that you may hereafter have the consciousness that you did your duty.

☞ Be it known to all our readers that at James H. Stokes', New Brighton, can be found an excellent assortment of Dry Goods, Boots, Shoes and Clothing, for fall and winter wear, and his prices much below the Eastern wholesale market. Give him a call.

☞ The majority for the Union candidates, at the October election, including the "soldiers" vote is about 20,000.

Beaver County Election Returns—1864—Official.

DISTRICTS.	Congress. Lawrence, U.	Congress. Lazear, D.	P. Judge. McClure, U.	P. Judge. Fredin, D.	Assembly. Cope, U.	Assembly. Reed, U.	Assembly. Kelly, U.	Assembly. Kirk, D.	Assembly. Mackey, D.	Prothy's. Ferguson, D.	Prothy's. Maynard, U.	Com. Com. Hoon, D.	Com. Com. Evans, U.	Com. Com. Withers, D.
Big Beaver	102	77	102	66	100	100	100	77	77	77	100	77	100	77
Bridgewater	58	61	59	50	57	58	58	52	51	51	58	51	59	50
Borough tp	160	65	168	64	169	169	169	63	64	64	165	64	168	66
Brighton	86	67	87	67	84	87	85	69	64	64	86	66	87	67
Chippewa	77	88	77	88	77	77	77	88	88	88	78	87	78	87
Darlington	143	79	146	80	141	144	144	80	80	80	144	80	145	79
Economy	85	109	85	119	85	85	85	119	119	119	85	119	85	119
Fallston	61	25	61	25	61	61	61	25	25	25	61	25	61	25
Franklin	46	54	46	54	46	46	46	54	54	54	46	54	46	54
Greene	192	66	199	69	192	192	192	66	66	66	194	65	193	64
Freedom bor	50	39	51	38	57	51	51	38	38	38	50	39	49	40
Hanover tp—Frankfort dist	100	51	99	51	100	100	100	51	51	51	100	51	100	51
do —M'Guire's dist	86	66	85	63	85	85	85	67	63	63	85	67	84	66
Harmony	1		1		1	1	1				1			
Hopewell	100	43	99	44	99	99	99	43	43	43	98	40	85	41
Independence	47	76	48	75	47	47	47	75	75	75	47	75	45	75
Industry	63	71	65	71	63	64	64	72	71	71	65	71	65	71
Marion	13	54	13	54	12	12	12	54	54	54	12	54	12	54
Moon	89	88	89	62	91	91	91	62	62	62	91	62	91	61
New Brighton	310	109	304	112	310	311	311	109	109	109	306	111	308	110
New Sewickly tp—Fessil's dist	92	130	92	131	92	92	92	131	131	131	92	130	92	130
do —Freedom dist	13	44	13	44	13	13	13	44	44	44	13	44	13	44
North Sewickly	76	116	75	117	76	76	78	116	116	116	76	116	74	116
Ohio	134	40	133	41	132	132	132	41	41	41	133	41	133	41
Patterson	23	19	24	19	28	26	26	15	15	15	24	19	24	19
Phillipsburg	18	52	16	49	17	16	16	51	51	50	17	48	16	49
Pulaski	40	70	43	67	41	41	41	69	69	69	42	69	42	69
Raccoon	109	66	109	66	109	109	109	66	66	66	109	66	108	64
Rochester boro	138	68	138	69	137	137	137	69	69	69	138	68	138	68
Rochester tp	18	32	19	31	19	19	19	31	31	31	18	32	19	31
South Beaver	119	50	117	50	118	118	118	50	50	50	117	51	118	50
	2646	1900	2650	1880	2656	2659	2657	1897	1887	1886	2649	1902	2633	1897

AUDITOR { Whitham, U...2640 / Buchanon, D...1885 } P. H. DR'S: { M'Manamy, U, 2640 / Hazen, D.....1889 } TRUSTEES: Moore, U.....2625; Wilson, U.....2643; Dempsey, U.....2619; Patton, D.....1785; Bigger, D.....1780; Mellon, D.....1780

Political Preaching.

There is a great ado made now days about political preaching. When a minister of the gospel, in performance of his duty and his mission, refers to political sins and national infirmities, he is at once denounced as a "political preacher," because, forsooth, certain hearers are guilty of the sin, or supporter of the iniquity. As an instance, whenever a minister of the gospel speaks of slavery (which the whole christian world unite in denouncing as a sin against God and humanity) or tells his hearers, in the language of the Bible, to "let the oppressed go free," his Democratic (?) hearers at once leave the church because of political preaching. It is also a minister's duty to counsel obedience to the law, and loyalty to the government.—But even this duty, though specially enjoined in the Bible, will not be suffered by a certain class of hearers.—We wonder where a party will eventually lead, that now attempts to close the mouths of God's ministers and prevent the utterance of truth, even [illegible] these men were really seeking the truth, they would feel that there was a possibility they were wrong and the minister right, especially when ministers of all denominations almost unanimously differed from them. Whenever a man's politics becomes the rule of his action, and religion has to give way or be measured by that standard, we may safely conclude his profession of religious conviction is mere hypocrisy. We have referred to this matter now because all over the country we hear the charge of political preaching, and thousands are leaving the churches in consequence. We wish to ask our Democratic friends, who raise this cry, which they love the most—their party or their God? Judging from your actions, you worship the former.—Whenever your party requires you to separate yourself from your church, to differ with a large proportion of christian ministers of the present and of the past, have you not reason to fear your party ties are stronger than your religious ties, and that your party is wrong? If wrong, look at the consequence:—you break off your church relations, soon become reconciled to the world again, and scoffers of religion. But what is worse, your children are thrown outside the restoring influence of the church, and hearing you abuse churches and ministers, soon lose all respect for them, and grow up scoffers and unbelievers. Are you not working out your own condemnation and their ruin? We wish to call the attention of Democrats who not only complain so much of political preaching, but who in consequence leave their churches to this subject. We have been shocked at the disrespect manifested toward the church by this party, and the abuse of christian ministers. Their papers are full of it, and their public speakers make it the burden of their song. And yet those who belong to the church hear and applaud! Infidels took this way to spread infidelity in France, and they succeeded to the ruin of the country, as well as the churches. Like evils will come upon us if churches are to be broken up or divided, because parties or the world are not allowed to dictate to God's ministers. Democrats, read and reflect!

Democratic Consistency.

We have spoken in another article of the ado made by Democrats about "political preaching." We are reminded of a case that exhibits their consistency in a very strong light. A Rev. Mr. Mackay, formerly of Georgetown, in this county, is now preaching to the Episcopalians at Monongahela City, or rather to a few who seceded from other churches there, because of political preaching. The church is composed of those who love the South, and because their former ministers prayed for the Government they seceded, established a new church, and employed this Mackay to preach to them the Gospel, as they said, and not politics; and yet we are informed his preaching consists of political harangues, denunciations of the Government, and vindications of slavery. These Gospel-hunters are perfectly satisfied now, we presume. It is not the Gospel they want after all. We presume this Mackay is the only preacher in Western Pennsylvania who is so regardless of duty and reism. He has neither christian character nor patriotism to lose, because he is totally without either. This is the same man who got into a quarrel with a lot of United of United States soldiers, while in Georgetown, and who cost this county several hundred dollars in prosecutions. We are credibly informed he carried a cane with a dagger in it, for the purpose of attacking those same soldiers. He is now a member and leading spirit of the "Knights of the Golden Circle." We have heard so much of his disgraceful conduct that we cannot refrain giving him as an instance of what Democracy will lead to. Yet this man, so devoid of character and respect, who slandered a woman in this county, and is now waiting his trial, who boasts of his fighting ability, is the man selected to preach the Gospel to those who could not stand "political preaching." Verily, he is a fit representative of what Democracy will lead to.

EXAMINATION.—We learn from Prof. Venn that the examination of of classes in the Boro' Union Schools will commence on Thursday morning of this week, to continue throughout the day and the forenoon of Friday. The reading contest will begin at 1 o'clock, p. m. on Friday, after which will be the awarding of prizes and a regular meeting of the "Irving Literary Society." The friends of education are invited to attend."

☞ See that you are assessed on or before Saturday next. That is the last day on which assessments can be made. We hope our friends in the townships will attend to this and see that none are omitted.

☞ Major Allison will be unable, on account of official duties, to attend the meeting at Darlington at the hour announced. Probably if the friends there would get up a meeting that night, and invite him, he would be able to attend.

☞ Lazear's majority in Greene county is 1431 votes. In 1862 his majority over Wallace was over 2200. Lawrence has a popularity in Greene that is more than a match for Lazear's.

☞ The meeting at New Sheffield has been changed from November 4th to Nov. 3d, at 7 p. m. Major John Allison will be one of the speakers.

HOW THE SOLDIERS TALK.—The following extract, which is taken from a letter written by a Beaver county Veteran soldier in the "Roundhead" regiment, to a friend, shows the feelings of the brave soldiers at the front:

* * * I received a receipt and a ticket, and put it in for district and county officers, and if I live till the 8th of November I will put one in for Abraham. I was afraid we would be overlooked by the assessor, and I wrote to you to be sure of it. I have more interest in the coming election than I ever I had since I became a voter, and I hope every loyal citizen will turn out and cast their vote for the Union, and let the rebels and foreign nations see that the North is not demoralized or divided, as they hoped it would this fall. I think if there is a general turn out we can re-elect Abraham by a hand-some majority, and then the rebels will see that their last hope is gone, and they will give up. The peace men may well cry to the hills and mountains to fall on them and hide them from their disgrace. Generations yet unborn will point the finger of scorn at them.—Such man should be marked and should never have any part in this American government, so far as office is concern [illegible] in my opinion, they are worse

Here is an extract from another letter, written by the same:

* * * We have the Johnnies in a position that destruction is certain. A few more men is all we want, good Union sentiments expressed at home, and the re-election of Old Abe. If we are to have an open rebellion at home this fall is as good a time as any. There is no use talking of peace. The rebs will accept no terms but a recognition of the Southern Confederacy. After going thro' what we have, we "can't see" peace on those terms; and any Northern man who is in favor of such terms ought to be hung; and any one voting for a man taken up on the Chicago platform is at heart in favor of such terms. I suppose the Southern sympathizers at the North would think this plain talk; but I mean what I say, and had I the power would put it into execution. There is a day of reckoning for such men, and I hope it is not far distant. J. F. H.

Rotten Potatoes.

MR. EDITOR:—It may be of importance to some of your readers this fall, when potatoes are rotting, to get all the light and experience of others, that they may by some means save the crop that is now threatened by the rot. Fifteen years ago, I saw an extract from an English Agricultural paper, giving the experience of an agriculturalist for a number of years and I have tried the same every year, since, with the same favorable result. One year, one third of my potatoes rotted before they were holed, the remaining two thirds had not more than half a peck rotted in the spring, when the potato heap was opened.—The process is this: I take about a peck of unslacked lime to twenty-five or thirty bushels of potatoes, putting most of it on the bottom about the center of the heap (keeping the potatoes from the lime by laying some sticks upon it,) sprinkling about one third of the peck of fine lime through the heap, say every layer of ten or twelve inches. EXPERIENCE.

☞ Inquiry is made about the necessity of having proxies stamped. The Commissioner has decided that no stamps are necessary on affidavits, receipts, or certificates, or anything connected with proxies or soldiers' voting.

The Soldiers' Vote.

NEW YORK, October 25.—A Times Washington special says the 113th New York regiment have voted as follows: Lincoln, 285; McClellan, 9; Fenton, 294, unanimous. The 189th voted Union, 481; Democratic, 77. The ballots were forwarded by mail to the several proxies designated by the voters.

Union Meetings

Union Mass meeting at Harmony, Butler County Pa., Tuesday, Nov. 1st, at 1 P. M. Hon. Thomas Cunningham, Hon. Thomas Howard, Hon. S. A. Fairviance, Thomas Marshall, Esq. Hon. J. J. Sibenic H. P. Mueller and others, will address the meeting. We hope our friends in Beaver County will organize and attend this meeting.

Mass meeting at Darlinton, Tuesday, Nov. 3rd at 1 P. M. Hon. Thomas Cunningham, Maj. John Allison, Gen. W. B. Clark, and others, will address the meeting.

North Sewickly, Warnock's School House, Friday evening, Oct 28st, at 7 p. m. Speakers: B. B. Chamberlin, James Patterson, Maj. John Allison, M. B. Welsh, and S. Magaw.

Phillis School House, in Franklin tp., Monday evening, Oct. 31t, at 7 p. m. Speakers: S. Davenport, Col. A. W. Taylor, A. Wray, S. Magaw, and D. Eakin.

Raccoon tp., Nov. 2nd, at 7 p. m at Green Garden School House, Speakers: Col. A. W. Taylor, M. Weyand, J. S. Rutan, S. Davenport.

Smiths School House, Nov. 3rd, 7 p. m. Speakers: B. B. Chamberlin, Thomas Nicholson, A. Wray, and D. Eakin.

Independence, Nov. 4th at 7 p. m. Speakers: Dr. A. R. Thompson, Gen. W. B. Clark, Col. A. W. Taylor, Jas. Patterson and B. B. Chamberlin.

New Sheffield, Nov 3d, at 7 p. m. Speakers: B. B. Chamberlin, James Patterson, J. H. Cunningham, M. B. Welsh, and S. Davenport.

Mechanicsburg, Nov 1st, at 7 p. m. Speakers: Thomas Nicholson M. B. Welsh and S. Magaw and James Patterson

South Beaver, at McConnell's School House, Nov 4th at 7 p. m. Speakers: J. S. Rutan, M. Weyand S. Reed Esq.

M'Guires District Millers School House Oct 28th at 7 p. m. Speakers: Thos. Nicholson, B. B. Chamberlin, J. S. Rutan, M. Weyand.

Brighton tp. Jackson's school house, Nov 6th, at 7 p. m. Speakers: Major John Allison, J. S. Rutan and Samuel Magaw.

Meeting at Industry, Monday Evening, ov. 7th at 7 P. M.

Other meetings will be appointed at the request of local committees the friends will see that proper notice is given and will call and get blank bills.

A Rebel Raid in Vermont.

ST. ALBANS, Vt., Oct. 19

An invasion of this town took place to day. Some twenty-five armed desperadoes, supposed to be in rebel employ, from Canada, made an assault on several banks about 4 o'clock this afternoon. The National Bank was robbed of about $50,000, mostly in bills. The St. Albans Bank was robbed of about $70,000, and Franklin County Bank of a large amount.—Twenty horses were also seized by the desperadoes and carried off. Several citizens who resisted the robbers were deliberately shot.

MONTREAL Oct. 22.—Twaire of the robbers at St. Albans, Vt., have been [illegible] who is in jail at [illegible] of them, the raid was conducted by a captain in the Confederate service. Twenty-three persons were concerned in the raid, and the amount taken from the banks was $223,000.

The Evening Telegraph, published at St. Albans, says: "Fears are entertained, from the sympathy shown at St. John's for the rebel raiders at St. Albans, that an attempt will be made to rescue them. A troop of cavalry has been called out, and are now guarding the jail. Hon. J. J. Abbot, R. Laflamme, and Hon. J. H. Cameron have been retained as counsel for the rebels, and Mr. Devlin for the United States authorities.

Lieut. Bennet H. Young commanding the raiders, has sent to the Evening Telegraph a letter, in which he charges the citizens of Vermont with violating English and Canadian laws.

A Jewish Epistle to the Copperhead Gentiles

The Jew Belmont, (is that his name,) who writes himself Chairman of the Copperhead National Committee, has issued a congratulatory order to his deluded followers on the result of the recent elections. He tells them that these elections have been the South Mountain of the political war, and that November will prove the Antietam.

True, most learned Jew, we thank you for the word. McClellan's election, if such an improbability could occur, would be another Antietam—a fruitless victory, resulting in another thirty days armistice under cover of which rebel arts would triumph and a Southern Confederacy be an acknowledged fact.

The Home Vote

Our Copperhead friends have had a great deal to say about carrying the State on the "home vote," at though the home vote was a more sacred thing than that cast by our battle-scarred heroes of a hundred fights.—We tell them they may sneer at the soldier's vote as much as they please, their victories will live in history, whether gained on the battle field or at the ballot box. They will be felt in Washington as well as Richmond, and all loyal people will rejoice alike over them. Let us hear no more about the home vote. It is all "home," whether on the battle field or in the quiet retreats far removed from it.—*Lancaster Examiner.*

☞ Alexander Starne, Copperhead candidate for Treasurer of Illinois, in a late speech at Winchester, said: "Five hundred thousand of our soldiers are gone from the field of battle to hell, in order to free the negro." Mr. Starne stands on a platform that extends to our soldiers in the field the "sympathy" of the Democratic party.

Death of Maj. Gen. Birney.

The whole loyal country will be pained to hear of the death of Major General Birney, which occurred at his residence in Philadelphia, on the 18th inst. He was commander of the Tenth Army Corps. Gen. Birney, it will be remembered left his bed at the time of the recent rebel attack on Gen. Kautz's cavalry, and at the head of his division recovered and held all the ground that had been lost. The excitement aggravated his complaint, and a day afterward he was found to be so much worse that his removal to his home in Philadelphia became a matter of necessity, and there as had already been announced, he died on Tuesday night. In him the army loses one of its best and bravest leaders, and our cause one of its most consistent and earnest defenders.

Movements of Sherman and Hood.

NEW YORK, October 25.—The *Herald's* Chattanooga correspondence of the 19th says: Sherman is not pushing Hood, but rather managing, if possible, to coop him up in the valley and starve him to death. Hood has woefully failed in finding or capturing supplies. He is trying his best to avoid a fight. He attempted to sneak back through Snake Creek Gap, but finding that outlet blockaded up he abandoned the attempt. This morning he is reported a mile and a half below Fayette. Sherman is, perhaps, six miles from Him.

ANOTHER REBEL ADVOCATE FOR MCCLELLAN.—Congressman B. H. Hill of Georgia, in a recent speech at Macon, urged upon his hearers the necessity of defeating Sherman, saying:—"*If Lincoln is defeated and McClellan elected in the coming election, we may have peace.* But there is no peace party in the North if we are willing to be subjugated. All will subjugate us if they can. Peace can only come by the defeat of the enemy. *McClellan will never be elected unless Sherman is defeated.* The preservation of our honor, the preservation of our State, the election of McClellan and the securing of an honorable peace, all depend upon the defeat of Sherman."

PURPOSE OF THE VERMONT RAID.—The Montreal *Witness*, an able and intelligent friend of the government on both sides of the line, in speaking of the rebel raid into Vermont, that it is the aim of the rebels operating in Canada, to involve Canada, and through her Great Britain in a war on behalf of their southern friends. We have no doubt, that this statement is made with a knowledge of the facts, and we have no doubt of its truth. Jeff Davis said in one of his late Georgia speeches that there was not no prospect of foreign intervention in behalf of the South; and as things has lately stood, that is perfectly correct. Nevertheless, if he could succeed in producing such embarrassments that of last week along the Northern border, there is no telling what would speedily be the result.

HOW THE REBELS RAISE MEN.—[illegible] from the Adjutant and Inspector General's office, dated Richmond, [illegible] 20th, published in the *Enquirer* directs the Chief of the Bureau of Orders to take measures without delay to place in the field one fifth of all the men employed in his Department, including contractors and their employees. All officers in charge of arsenals, workshops, depots, etc., must turn over to the nearest recruiting officers, list of names. Three days are allowed for the execution of the order after its receipt. The Chief of the Nitre and Mining Bureau is ordered to do the same in his department.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.

The *Herald's* Washington [illegible] says that General Dix's course in ordering pursuit of the St. Albans raiders across the Canadian border will be sustained.

It is now alleged that Senator Sumner will be offered the Chief Justiceship and that Messrs. Cameron [illegible] and Butler are mentioned for the War Department.

Refugees from the Shenandoah Valley report that notwithstanding the devastation by Sheridan, there is still an immense quantity of grain on the outside track taken by our army.

THE NEW LOUISIANA UNITED STATES SENATORS.—Mr. Smith is a carpenter by trade, a Unionist in all weather, who was compelled to flee from the hate of the Secessionists, and take refuge in New Orleans under the rule of General Butler. He has been Sheriff of and is now the State Senator from his own parish. Mr. Cutler is a leading lawyer of New Orleans, and has filled several important posts in the Parish of Jefferson. He was a prominent member of the Constitutional Convention.

WANTS A BET.—From the following which we clip from the Oil City *Reporter*, it will be seen that Captain Jake Hill wants to show the faith that is in him by making a small bet. Our cotemporary says: "Capt. Jake Hill, of Pittsburg, requests us to state that he is ready to bet from one to ten thousand dollars that Abraham Lincoln will be elected President of the United State at the ensuing election. Those who want to bet can secure the same by applying at this office, or addressing him at Pittsburg."

☞ McClellan complained that his defeat on the Peninsula was caused by the President not furnishing him with a sufficient amount of men. He will have the same complaint to make against the leaders of his party on the 8th of November.

☞ Governor Brough, of Ohio, and Governor Andrew, are going to take the field in New York State. They will make the snakes hunt their holes.

☞ A Union torch-light procession took place in Washington on Friday night. The parade went to the White House and called upon the President to make a speech. The President spoke as follows: "Fellow-Citizens—I was promised not to be called upon for a speech to night, nor do I propose to make one, but we have been having some very good news for a day or two, so I propose you give three hearty cheers for Sheridan.—While we are at it, we may as well consider how fortunate it was for the recess that Sheridan was a little man. If he had been a large man there is no telling what he would have done with them. I propose three cheers for Gen. Grant, who knew to what use to put Gen. Sheridan; three cheers for all our noble commanders; and the soldiers and sailors; three cheers for all the people, everywhere, who cheer the soldiers and sailors of the Union. And now good night." The procession passed through Pennsylvania avenue, and was an hour and fifteen minutes in passing one point.

☞ Ex-Secretary Chase said in his speech at Covington, Ky., a few days ago:

"When we come to balance up the probabilities in reference to the electoral college, there can be no doubt of the result. You may count against Lincoln every doubtful vote, and there will be enough to elect him and to spare. I believe that by the 8th of November you will find the people very nearly as unanimous as they were when the first gun was fired upon Sumter."

☞ Des Moines, Ottumwa and other towns in Western Iowa, and along the border, have had a slight scare from a raid of five hundred Missouri guerrillas, who cut the throats of Unionists, cheer for McClellan, and vote Copperhead tickets. The gallant Iowans were up and ready for them, and soon put the murderous gang on the McClellan march—in full retreat.

☞ The army of the Potomac is for McClellan," has been the standing boast of the Copperheads, and especially with regard to that portion of the army which is from Pennsylvania. Well, about two-thirds of the Pennsylvania portion of that army has been heard from: Union, 14,690; Democrat, 3,585. If this is not a vote of "want of confidence" in McClellan, we don't know what else to make of it.

☞ A grand political meeting in Springfield, Illinois, was gladdened and amused by a banner, borne by wounded soldiers, which Lincoln was trying up with a rail, while Andy Johnson was seated cross legged on the North American part of it, tailor fashion, sewing up a huge rent. "Old Abe" says to him, "A few more stitches, Andy, and the dear old Union will be mended."

IMPORTANT TO MAIMED SOLDIERS.—The government has increased the allowance heretofore allowed for artificial legs furnished to soldiers. At the present rate of compensation (seventy-five dollars) the several manufacturers who enjoy the patronage of the government can afford to furnish their best limbs without extra charge.

☞ Speaking of the declaration in the Chicago platform that the war is a failure, the New York *Herald* keenly remarks: "The Convention must have been thinking of the war as conducted by McClellan. But the Convention ought to know that a man by the name of Grant has now taken hold and the war is not a failure."

☞ Gen. John A. Logan is responsible for the statement that William J. Allen, the Copperhead candidate for Congress in the thirteenth District, Illinois, proposed to him in the beginning of the rebellion to divide the State of Illinois on the line of the Ohio and Mississippi railroad, and that the lower half should join the Confederacy.

LIST OF CAUSES for November T. 1864, commencing 2d Monday.

Commonwealth use,	vs John Duff's Ex'r.
Aimed Campbell	" Reb'c'a Campbells ad
John S. M'Coy's Ex'r	" J. H. Trimble, et al.
Wash. B. & L. Ass'n	" Ivory Cole.
Jas. Collins & Co.	" W. M. Shirts, et al.
Stokens & Beeson	" Darlington M. E. C'h.
Thos. M Laughlin	" Robert Adams.
John Swick	" E. S. Barton.
Frederick Kizer	" Wm. Welsh, et al.
Robert Hall	" Alex. Robertson.

oct19, '64 M. WEYAND, Pro.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS letters of administration on the estate of HENRY FINLEY, late of Sharon, Beaver county, Pennsylvania, deceased, having been duly granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are notified to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement without delay.

JOS. A. WRAY, Adm'r.,
oct19, '64 Brighton tp

Notice.

IN the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania.—In the matter of the partition of the real estate of James Duncan, dec'd. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania: To the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd, to wit; Margaret, intermarried with James Jackson, Joseph Duncan, Mary Duncan, Rebecca Duncan, Malvina Duncan, Margaret J. Jackson, a minor, whose guardian is Thomas Jackson, Mary Ann Jackson, a minor, whose guardian is James Duncan, and all others interested: you and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of our said Court at Beaver, on the second Monday of November next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said dec'd, at the appraisement put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by said Court, and returned by the Sheriff to June T. 1864, and found to contain 116 acres, 33 perches, valued at $30 per acre, and in the event of non-acceptance to shew cause why the same shall not be sold.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, Oct. 12,

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

Freedom, Beaver County,

offers his professional services to the public.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY virtue of Sundry writs of Levari Facias Fieri Facias and Venditioni Exponas, issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of the County of Beaver and to me directed, I will expose to public sale at the Sheriff's office in the borough of Beaver, in the county aforesaid, on

Saturday, Nov. 12th, 1864,

at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, the following property, to wit:

All the right, title, interest and claim of defendant or in and to a piece or tract of land situate in Franklin tp., Beaver co., Pa., bounded on the north by land of John M'Quiston, on the east by land of —— Smith, south by land of John Thomas and west by land of Samuel Freed, containing 43 acres, more or less, being the same piece of land purchased by defendant from James Evans, under agreement dated March, 1864. The above described tract of land is all cleared and under fence on which are erected a frame dwelling house, one story high with basement, large frame barn, wagon house and corn crib. Orchard of good fruit trees on the premises, under laid with coal.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of Charles E. Cook, at the suit of Isaac Winans.

No. 2. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all the right, title, interest and claim of defendant of in and to a piece or parcel of land situate in Rochester township, Beaver county, Pa., containing nine acres more or less bounded on the north by public road, on the east by land of ——Wilson, on the south by the Ohio River and west by east line of the borough of Rochester, on which are erected a two story brick dwelling house and out buildings, also buildings for refining oil and an unfinished stone building 50 by 100 feet in length and breadth. A good orchard on the premises.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of M. T. C. Gould's Executors at the suit of Samuel Simes, endorse of guardians of minor children of A. E. Lacock, dec'd.

No. 3. ALSO.

At the same time and place, all right, title, interest and claim of defendant, of in and to the following lot of ground, containing about two acres, situate in the borough of New Brighton, Beaver county, Pa., bounded on the north by Wm. Shawness on the east by public road on the south by John Megown, and on the west by street or alley. Lot enclosed and planted with fruit trees.

Seized and taken in execution as the property of James Megown, jr. at the suit of Wm. Kennedy.

☞ Purchsers will take notice that 10 per cent. upon all amounts of their bids will be required in hand. All bids under $50 will be required in cash at the time of the sale. If these conditions are not complied with the property will be re-sold.

☞ Purchasers are required to pay all Stamp duties.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sh'ff.
Beaver, oct25, '64

Notice in the Orphans' Court.

The following appraisements under the Act of Assembly, of the 14th of April, 1851, of property allowed to be retained by a widow or children of a decedent, to the value of $300, have been filed in the Office of the Clerk of the Orphans' Court, of Beaver county, to wit:

Personal property to amount of $172.62, retained by widow of John Wilson, dec'd.—Geo. M. Young, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $205.20, retained by widow of John Imbrie, dec'd.—D. L. & R. S. Imbrie, adm'rs.

Personal property to amount of $304.05, retained by widow of Robert Stinson, dec'd. James K. Thompson, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $84.15, retained by widow of Robert Moore, dec'd.—John Slentz, adm'r.

Personal property to amount of $58.76, and proceeds of note against Duncan & Edgar, ($246.24) making $300, retained by widow of Henry Finley, dec'd. Jos. A. Wray, adm'r.

Notice is hereby given to creditors, heirs, legatees, distributees, and all others interested, to appear at the next term of said Court, and not later than the third day, being the 16th of November next, to shew cause, if any they have, against the final confirmation of the above appraisements.

oct19 JOHN A. FRAZIER, Clerk.

Notice.

IN the Orphans' Court in and for the county of Beaver and State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the petition for partition of the real estate of Wm. Price, deceased and now, to-wit, Oct. 13th 1864, the Court grant a Rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said deceased to-wit: Wm. Price and John Price; whose interests are now vested in Conrad Eiholtz. Daniel Price, James Price and Mary Price now residing in the State of Michigan: Margaret Price now residing in the State of New York; Merriman Price, Wm. Price, and Elisha Price, children of Wm. Price, whose interests are vested in Conrad Eiholtz. Emeline Price intermarried with Elisha J. Moore, and five children of said Elisha J. and Emeline, to-wit: Eliza, Francis M., William W., Jane and Margaret whose guardian is Edward E. Holmes, and all others interested to shew cause if any they have why an inquest to make partition of the real estate of said deceased should not be awarded at an Orphans' Court, to be held at Beaver, in and for said County, on the 2d Monday of November next.

JOS. LEDLIE,
Oct. 19, 1863. Sheriff.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

IN the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Gotlieb Michaels, dec'd. To the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd., to wit: William Boswell, and Julia his wife; Peter Wagner, and Amelia his wife; Lewis Michaels, Lewis Reddy, and all others interested.—You and each of you are hereby notified that an inquisition to make partition of the real estate of said deceased, situate in North Sewickly tp., will be held on the premises on the 31st day of October, 1864, at which time and place you may attend, if you think proper.

JOS. LEDLIE, Sh'ff.
SHERIFF'S OFFICE,
Beaver, oct. 5'64.

Dividend No. 12.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, May 3, 1864.

THE President and Directors of this Bank have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FOUR PER CENT. upon its Capital Stock, out of the profits of the last 6 months; payable to Stockholders or their legal representatives, on demand.

EDWARD HOOPS,
may11'64 Cashier

A. Bestwick,

BROADWAY & APPLE STREETS,
New Brighton, Pa.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in *Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron Ware,*

And the most approved patterns of *Pittsburg Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves.*

[mar23'6

BEAVER SEMINARY AND INSTITUTE.

THE FALL TERM WILL COMMENCE on *Tuesday, the 6th of September.*

Among its advantages are—

1. An efficient and accomplished Faculty.
2. Thoroughness in its classes.
3. Superior advantages for Vocal and Instrumental Music.
4. Extent of the English classical courses.

☞ Send for a catalogue.

aug17 REV. R. T. TRUESDALE.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested in the following Administration and Guardian accounts, which have been passed and filed in the Register's Office, of Beaver county, Pa., will take notice that the same will be presented to the Orphans' Court, to be held in Beaver, in and for the county of Beaver, on Wednesday, the 16th day of November, 1864, for confirmation and allowance:

The account of Jonathan Taylor, acting executor of the last will and testament of Joseph Taylor, dec'd.

The account of Jesse M. Ewing, administrator of the estate of Henry Ewing, dec'd.

The final account of Jos. Johnston and Jos. Martin, executors of the last will and testament of Margaret Johnston, dec'd.

The final account of Henry Kirkpatrick, administrator of the estate of George M'Kean, dec'd.

The final account (personal) of Sam'l Reed, administrator of the estate of Rev. David Robinson, dec'd.

The account of Robert L. and Wm. C. Carothers, administrators of the estate of Wm. L. Carothers, dec'd.

The account of Thos. Nicholson and Robt. Stephens, executors of the last will and testament of David Stephens, dec'd.

The final account of John Wilson, administrator of the estate of John Gunsaulus, dec'd.

The account (personal) of Agnew Duff, administrator of the estate of Jas. Sharp, dec'd.

The final account of Charles Brown, administrator of the estate of Jeremiah Hamblo, dec'd.

The final account of John M'Henry, administrator of the estate of John M'Henry, sr, dec'd.

The final account of Robt. Fleming, adm'r. of the estate of Ruth Scott, dec'd.

The account of D. K. Cunningham, Guardian of Mary C. and Hannah M. McFadden, minor heirs of James M'Fadden, dec'd.

The account of Mattison Darragh, Guardian of Benj. Cooper, minor son of Isaac Cooper, dec'd.

The accounts of Jane Gilliland, Guardian of Josephine A. and Emeline Gilliland, minor daughters of David Gilliland, dec'd.

The accounts of Dr. Wm. Smith, Guardian of James and Robert Stewart, minor sons of Samuel Stewart; dec'd.

The accounts of Jas. Mackall, Guardian of Margaret, Eliza, Sarah, Matilda and John Carnagy, minor children of William Carnagy, dec'd.

A. R. MOORE,
Beaver, Oct, 19th, '64. Register.

NOTICE IN PATITION.

IN the Orphans' Court, in and for the county of Beaver, and State of Pennsylvania: In the matter of the partition of the real estate of David Robinson, deceased. To the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd: Lodovica W. R. Robinson, residing in the State of Ohio; Iva N. J. (intermarried with William Morrow) residing in the State of Illinois; Anna Mary Robinson, residing in the State of Ohio; Theodore Robinson, residing in the State of Illinois; the said Iva Anna and Theodore being minors and having no guardian; and all others interested—you and each of you are hereby notified that an inquisition on the real estate of said deceased will be held on the premises on the 2d day of November, 1864, at which time and place you may attend if you think proper.

JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sheriff.
Beaver, Oct. 5th, 1864.

NOTICE.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT, IN AND FOR the county of Beaver, State of Pennsylvania. In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Mary Ewing, dec'd. Now, to wit, Sept. 15th, 1864 the Court grant a rule on the heirs and legal representatives of said dec'd, to wit: Alexander Ewing, husband of said Mary Ewing, Sarah Jane, intermarried with Wm. Thomas, Eliza Ewing, Thomas Ewing, and all others interested; you and each of you are hereby cited to be and appear before the Hon. Judges of our said Court at Beaver, on the second Monday of November next, to accept or refuse the real estate of said dec'd., at the appraisement put upon it by an inquest duly awarded by said Court and returned by the Sheriff to Sept. T. 1864, and found to contain 54 acres and 128 Perches, valued at $25 per acre, and in the event of of non-acceptance to shew cause why the same shall not be sold.

JOS. LEDLIE,
October 12, 1864. Sheriff.

Farm for Sale.

A GOOD FARM is offered at private sale, situated in Big Beaver township Beaver county, on the road leading from Darlington to Homewood station, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., about 2½ miles from Darlington, 2 miles from New Galilee, on said R. R., and 2 miles from Homewood; containing about 135 acres, more or less, on which is a good dwelling house, barn and other out-buildings. A never failing spring of water convenient to the dwelling-house. Farm well watered and in good state or cultivation. For terms apply to D. L. IMBRIE, Beaver, or

Oct. 12, '64. R. S. IMBRIE, on premises.

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

WILSON, M'ELROY & CO.,

54 Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

OFFER THEIR STOCK FOR THE

SPRING OF 1863

AT THE LOWEST MARKET PRICE
mar. 25, '63

JOY, COE & CO.,

Advertising and Commission Agents
AND DEALERS IN
PRINTING INKS OF ALL KINDS
Type, Printing Materials,
WRITING AND PRINTING PAPER CARDS, &c

OFFICES—Brown's Building, Philadelphia; Tribune Buildings, New York.
mar26:1y.

New Marble Works!

D. Irons,

MARKET ST., BRIDGEWATER.

THE Subscriber announces to the public that he is prepared to furnish to customers all kind of work in his line, from a PLAIN SLAB to a CARVED TOMB STONE.

American and Italian Marble

Kept on hand, and all kinds of plain as well as Ornamental work done in a satisfactory manner.

D. IRONS.

Market st, 1 door north T. Allison's store.
june15'63

FOR SALE AT BRIDGEWATER FOUNDRY—

1 Spring Wagon,
1 set Double Harness,
1 Iron-shod Sled,
1 set Tinner's Tools,
1 Grind-stone and Mandrill,
1 Anderson Drum Stove,
2 Ride Guns.

oct19'64. By THOS. CAMPBELL.

Dr. D. M'Kinney.

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of

BEAVER AND VICINITY.

The Shannon Building, S. E. Corner of Mill & the Diamond, Rooms Nos.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, of the county of Beaver, the undersigned, guardian of the minor children of James M'Donald Mitchell, late of Greene township, in said county, dec'd, will expose to sale by Public Vendue, or out-cry, on the premises, on

Monday, November 7th, 1864,

at 1 o'clock, p. m. the interest of said minor children, being the undivided one-third of all that tract of land situate in Greene township, in said county of Beaver, bounded on the north by land of Calhoun and Jos. M'Cready, on the east by lands of Swearingen's and S. Leeper, on the south by lands of R. Ralston, and on the west by lands of M'Cready and M'Clurg, containing about 100 acres; about 30 acres cleared and in a good state of cultivation—balance well timbered; pyrites well watered.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on the confirmation of the sale by the court, balance in two equal, annual payments from that date, with interest thereon from same time, and to be secured by bond and mortgage.

oct12'64 JOS. M'FERRAN, Guardian.

N. B. The other portion of the premises above described being the undivided two-thirds thereof, will also be offered for sale, and sold at the time and place mentioned in the above notice. Terms made known on day of sale.

J. M'FERRAN.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE OF Valuable Real Estate.

BY virtue of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Beaver county, the undersigned, guardian of George W. Marker and Mary Ann Marker, minor children of Sampson Marker, dec'd., will expose to public sale at Auction, on the premises, on

Saturday, Oct. 29th, 1864,

the undivided one-fourth of the undivided two-thirds of the following described real estate, to wit: A certain piece or parcel of land situate in Ohio tp., Beaver co., Pa., bounded on the north by land of James Russell, on the east by land of the heirs of Rosanna Campbell, dec'd., on the south by the Ohio river, and on the west by land of Joseph Cooper, containing thirty-three acres or thereabouts, on which are erected one single cabin dwelling-house and kitchen, about 27 or 28 acres cleared and under fence. There is on the land a good orchard of apple, peach and cherry trees, and a spring of good water. A four feet vein of coal is believed to be on the land. The Cleveland and Pittsburg railroad runs through the lower bottom.

TERMS.—One-third of the purchase money on confirmation of sale by the Court, and the remainder in two equal annual instalments from that date, with interest from same time, to be secured by bond and mortgage.

THOS. MARKER, Jr.,
sep28'64 Guardian, &c.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN MOODY, late of Greene township, Beaver co., dec'd, having been granted to the un'ersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claim against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

MARGARET MOODY,
JOSEPH MOODY, } Adm'rs
SAMUEL MOODY,
oct5'64* Greene tp.

NOTICE.

THE firm of B. & W. Wilde & Co. was dissolved on the 11th of May last, by the death of Mr. Wm. Wilde. The business of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partners.

BENJ. WILDE.
HORATIA W. WILDE.

CO-PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have entered into partnership under the style of "Wilde & Co.," and will continue the business of the late firm of B. & W. Wilde & Co.

BENJ. WILDE.
HORATIA W. WILDE.

New Brighton, July 11, 1864.

ANDREW WRAY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW

BEAVER, PENNA.

OFFICE in the Southern extremity of the National Hotel. [aug31'64:1y.

WE OFFER TO THE PUBLIC

WHEELER & WILSON'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINES.

WITH increased confidence in its merits as the *Best and Most Reliable Family Sewing Machine now in use.*

We claim for it the following advantages over any and all Sewing Machines:

Far greater variety of work; beauty and excellence of stitch; speed and quietness of motion; simplicity of construction; ease of operation and management; elegance of design and finish. It will

Stitch, Hem, Fell, Quilt, Bind, Tuck, Plait, Gather, Cord, Braid.

All without any previous basting.

It works equally well on the thinnest or thickest fabrics, from heavy beaver or pilot cloth, to the finest cambric.

S. H. PEIRSOL, BEAVER, PA.
jy20'64] Sole Agent for Beaver county.

VALUABLE FARM AND COAL LAND FOR SALE.

A TRACT of first rate land, situate in Chippewa tp., Beaver county, about 8 miles west of New Brighton, on the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R., containing ONE HUNDRED ACRES, is offered for sale on favorable terms. About seventy acres of this land are cleared and in a good state of cultivation; the balance well timbered, and all under fence. There are on the premises a stone dwelling house, a large stone spring house, (the upper story of which is now used as a dwelling), and hewed log barn. There is a vein of excellent coal underlying a large portion of the tract, with opening near the railroad.

☞ For further information inquire of JAMES FIFE, Esq., Brighton, Pa., N. P. FERGUSON, Esq., Pittsburg, or M. WEYAND, Prothonotary's office, Beaver, Pa. je8,'6w144

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers for sale his residence on Third Street a House and Lot. The improvements are a Brick House 50 feet front by 36 feet deep, containing 10 rooms and Store Room; Cistern, Wash House, Stable, Fruit Trees, Grape Vines, &c., &c.

Also, Sixty acres first rate land, 4 miles below Beaver, unimproved, standing with excellent White Oak Timber, one mile from the Ohio river.

Also, a lot containing 12 acres, one mile from Beaver, enclosed with a board fence suitable for a Gardener or Nurseryman. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber. Titles indisputable.

May 24, '64. ROB'T. M'CREERY.

LIST OF LETTERS

REMAINING in the Post Office at Rochester, Pa., Oct. 1st, 1864:

Adams Mark, Allis Walters & Co., Bentley & Gerwig, Billinghurst Wm, Cook Miss Lizzie, Campbell Miss Mary, Damon Oscar, Dyer Miss M A, Donaldson Ann, Elias Fanny, Frost & Co., Gronhart Martin, Garvin Rob't, Irons James, Irons Behyard, Kerr Mrs M A 4, Lenhard David, Lendir John, M'Collum Wm, Murry Maggie, Moyer Rebecca 2, Palmer E, Rhodes Henrietta, Shafer Cassy, Simon Anton, Smith J A, Sherlock & Sloan, Sloan John, Walters Miss Bell, Wadsworth C B.

P. M. TAYLOR, P. M.

☞ Office hours, during the winter, from 7 a. m. to 8 p. m.

PRESIDENTIAL ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by an act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to regulate the General Elections within the Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give notice of such elections and to enumerate in said notice what officers are to be elected,

I, JOSEPH LEDLIE,

Sheriff of the County of Beaver, do hereby make known and give this public notice to the electors of the county of Beaver, that a General Election will be held in said county, on the

2nd Tuesday in November next,

at the several Election Districts, as follows:

The electors of Borough township will meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver.

The electors of Bridgewater borough will meet at the Town Hall in Bridgewater.

The electors of Phillipsburgh district, will meet at the public brick school house in said borough.

The electors of Moon township will meet at the house formerly occupied by Amariah Hendrickson, now by John D. Elliott.

The electors of Hopewell township will meet at the school house in the village of Scottsville, in said township.

The electors of Independence township will meet at the house of Alexander Thompson, dec'd, in said township.

The electors of Raccoon township will meet at the house of David Ewing, in said township.

The electors of Frankfort district will meet at the house of George Dungah, in Frankfort.

The electors of M'Guire's district will meet at the house of John Porter in the village of Hanover.

The electors of Greene township will meet at the house of Elijah Niswanger, in Hookstown.

The electors of Ohio township will meet at house now occupied by Jamison Elliott, in said township.

The electors of Brighton township (not embraced in Industry district) will meet at the school house, near Richey Eakin's, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Fallston will meet at the Academy in Fallston.

The electors of Patterson township will meet at the school house in the village of Brighton.

The electors of Chippewa township, will meet at the house of Azarian Inuman, in said township.

The electors of South Beaver township will meet at the house of John Rowe, in said township.

The electors of Darlington township will meet at the Academy in Darlington.

The electors of Big Beaver township will meet at the house of widow Miller, in said township.

The electors of Franklin township will meet at the house of Mark E. Clark, in said township.

The electors of North Sewickley township will meet at the house of Nathan Hazen, on land formerly of Benj. Chew.

The electors of Pulaski township will meet at Dougherty's school house, No. 4, in said township.

The electors of Marion township will meet at the house of George Hartzell, jr., in said township.

The electors of New Brighton borough and district will meet at the school house in said borough.

The electors of Rochester township will meet at the Bolesville School House, in said township.

The electors of the borough of Rochester will meet at the school house in Rochester.

The electors of Freedom borough and district will meet at the school house in Freedom.

The electors of New Sewickley township will meet at the house of John Feazel, in said township.

The electors of Industry district will meet at the school house in Industry.

The electors of Harmony township will meet at the Hotel in the Economy.

The electors of Economy township will meet at the house of George C. Minis, in said township.

At which time and places the qualified electors as aforesaid will elect by ballot—

Twenty-six persons for Electors of a President and Vice President of the United States.

Notice is Hereby Given,

That every person except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is or shall have been employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this State or the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress, and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office or appointment of Inspector, Judge, or Clerk of any election of the Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or any other officer of such election, shall be eligible to any to be then voted for.

Also, in and by the fourth section of an Act approved the 10th of April, 1850, it is enacted that the 13th section of the act passed July 2d, 1839, entitled an act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth, shall not be construed so as to prevent any military officer or borough officer from service as Judge, Inspector or Clerk at any general or special election in this Commonwealth.

And the said act of Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July 20, 1839, provides as follows:

That the Judge and Inspectors chosen as aforesaid, shall meet at their respective places appointed for holding the election in the districts to which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock on the morning of the Second Tuesday of November, and each of said Inspectors shall appoint one clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of said district.

In case the persons who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend on the day of an election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge at the next preceding election shall act as Inspector in his place; and in case the person who shall have received the highest number of votes for Inspector shall not attend, the present elected Judge shall appoint an Inspector in his place; and in case the person elected Judge shall not attend, then the Inspector who received the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy shall continue in the Board for the space of one hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward, or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present at the place of election shall elect one of their number to fill such vacancy.

It shall be the duty of Assessors respectively to attend at the place of holding every general, special or township election during the time such election is kept open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges when called on in relation to the rights of any persons assessed by them to vote at such elections, or such other matters in relation to the assessments of voters as the said inspectors or Judge, or either of them shall from time to time require.

No person shall be permitted to vote at any election, as aforesaid, other than a white freeman of the age of twenty-one years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year, and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceding such election, and within two years paid a State or County Tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election. But a citizen of the United States who has previously been a qualified voter of this State and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote after residing in the State six months: Provided, that the white freemen citizens of the United States, between the ages of twenty-one and twenty-two years, and having resided in the State one year and in the election district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote although they have not paid taxes.

No person shall be permitted to vote whose name is not contained in the list of taxable inhabitants furnished by the Commissioners, unless, first, he produce a receipt for the payment within two years of a State or county tax, assessed agreeably to the Constitution, and give satisfactory evidence either on his own oath or affirmation or of another, that he has paid such tax; or on failing to procure a receipt, shall make oath of the payment thereof; or second, the claims a right to vote by being an elector between the age of twenty-one and twenty-two years, he shall depose on oath or affirmation that he has resided in the State at least one year before his application, and make such proof of the residence in the district as is required in this act; and that he does verily believe, from the account given him that he is of the age aforesaid, and gives such other evidence as is required by this act; whereupon the names of the persons so admitted to vote shall be inserted into the alphabetical list by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be admitted to vote by reason of having paid a tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted on account of his age, and in either case, the reasons of such votes shall be called out by the clerks, who shall make the like notes in the list of voters kept by them.

In all cases where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found on the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessor, or his right to vote, whether found there or not, is objected to by any qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of Inspector to examine such persons on oath as to qualification, and, if he claims to have resided within the State one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof, but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness, who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district for the purpose of voting therein.

If any person shall prevent or attempt to prevent any officer of an election, or use or threaten any violence to any such officer, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or shall block up or attempt to block up the window or avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threats, force or violence, with design to influence unduly, or overpower any elector, or to prevent him from voting, or to restrain the freedom of his choice, such person on conviction shall be fined in any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any time not less than twelve months; and if it shall be shown that by the Court who the trial of such offence shall be had that the person offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the said offences was committed and not entitled to vote therein, then, on conviction he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred nor more than one thousand dollars, and be imprisoned not less than six months nor more than two years.

If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election within this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager, either by verbal proclamation thereof, or by written or printed advertisement, challenge or invite any person or persons to make such a bet or wager, upon conviction thereof, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

If any person not by law qualified shall fraudulently vote at any election within this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or if any person knowing the want of such qualification, shall aid or procure such persons to vote, the person or persons so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than five months.

If any person shall vote more than one election district, or otherwise fraudulently fold and deliver to the inspectors two tickets together, with the intention to illegally, or shall vote the same, or any person shall advise or procure another so does, he or they so offending shall, on conviction, be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisoned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to law, (except the sons of qualified citizens,) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction, forfeit and pay any sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every such offence, and be imprisoned for any term not exceeding three months.

The Return Judges of the respective Districts in this County, are required to meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver, on the first Friday after the second Tuesday of November next, then and there to perform the duties enjoined upon them by law.

Given under my hand at Beaver, (SEAL) the 11th day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-four, and in the eighty-eighth year of the independence of the United States.

oct12'64 JOSEPH LEDLIE, Sheriff.

Notice.

BANK OF BEAVER COUNTY,
New Brighton, Sept. 26, }

THE stockholders of the Bank of Beaver county, are hereby notified that the annual meeting will be held at the Banking house in New Brighton, on Tuesday the 1st day of November ensuing, between the hours of three and five, o'clock, p. m. At which meeting a full attendance is desired, as the subject of changing our organization to the National Bank system will be then considered—and the election for Directors to serve the ensuing year, will be held at the same place, on the third Monday, (21st) of November, between 10 a. m. and 2 p. m. of said day. By order of the Board of Directors.

sep28 EDWARD HOOPS, Cash'r.

New Goods!

THE undersigned has returned from Philadelphia, and has now opened his new Goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinets, Jeans, and Tweeds.

Ladies' Dress Goods,

Tan, Lavender Leather, and Mode Farmettas and Alpacas, also Silk Warps, Black Alpacas, superior article.

Made up Clothing, Coats, Pants and Vests of Cloth and Cassinets.

Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Salt, and which will be sold at a reasonable profit from cost and carriage.

THOS. M'CREERY.
sep28

Pension, Bounty & Back Pay Agency,

ARTHURS & RIDDEL,
No. 135 FOURTH ST.,
PITTSBURG, PA.

SPECIAL attention given to the collection of the BOUNTY of $100, due to WOUNDED SOLDIERS who have served less than TWO YEARS, which is now being paid.

☞ All communications adressed as above promptly answered by return of Post. [se'64

Wanted:

FOUR boys between the age of 14 and 16 years, to feed a four cylinder printing press. Apply immediately at the *Patriot & Gazette* office.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

BY virtue of the order of Orphans' Court, of the County of Beaver, the undersigned will expose to sale by Public Vendue or out-cry, on the premises, on

SATURDAY, Oct. 15th, 1864,

at 2 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate of Andrew M'Master, late of Allegheny county, dec'd., viz: All that tract of land, about 51 acres, being the same tract of land, conveyed to Andrew M'Master, by John D. Copeland, situate in Ohio tp., Beaver co., Pa., bounded as follows, to wit: Beginning at a beech tree on the bank of Little Beaver creek, on the south west side of said creek and in or near the bank of said creek, and a little above opposite what is called the spring run of Purvis's run, thence up said Little Beaver creek, including the same and the banks thereof north 24 deg. west 28 per, north 71 deg. west 44 per, north 38 deg. west 24 per, north 46 degrees west, 20 per to a red oak, north 68 deg. west, 38 per to a rock at the State line, thence with the State line and crossing the Little Beaver creek north 1 deg. east (supposed magnetical variation) 100 per to a white oak bush where a white oak bush 12 in in diameter bears south 45 east 80 links, and a black oak of the same size bears north 68 west 36 lines, thence by a line dividing or separating this out of the original tract owned by the legatees of Thomas Dawson, dec'd, south 60 east 67 per to a post where a pine oak 18 inches diameter bears north 75 east 40 links, and a chestnut oak 15 inches in diameter, bears north 75 west 36 links, thence south 44 east 82 per to a post where a white oak 15 inches in diameter bears south 22 west 61 links, and another white oak 12 inches in diameter, bears north 30 west 48 links, thence south 25 east 67 per to a hickory near marked oak, thence south 65 west 50 per to the place of beginning.

Terms, cash upon confirmation of the sale by the Court, or upon the delivery of the deed to the purchaser.

HUGH M'MASTER,
Sept28'64 Adm'r of dec'd.

NOTICE.

IS hereby given, that the undersigned Commissioners, appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions of the county of Beaver, to view the boundaries of a new and independent School District, composed of parts of the School Districts of Industry and Ohio townships in said county, bounded north by the top of the river hill, east by Rock run, south by the Ohio river, and west by Matthew Elliott's lands, etc., and report their opinion of the expediency of establishing, or not establishing the same, will meet at the house of Jordan S. Neel, in Ohio tp., on Monday, the 31st day October, 1864, at 11 o'clock, a. m., and from thence proceed to the discharge of the duties of their appointment.

Dr. EZEKIAH NELSON,
JAMES H. TRIMBLE,
JOHN ANDREWS,
Oct. 5, '64 Commissioners.

BEAVER ACADEMY.

THIS Institution will be re-opened on

MONDAY, SEPT. 5th, 1864,

under most favorable auspices.

The services of Rev. D. H. A. M'LEAN, D.D., formerly of Westminster College, and Rev. D. P. LOWARY, formerly Principal of Washington Union School, have been secured as Associate Principals and Instructors.

Our NEW ACADEMY BUILDING is now completed and ready for occupancy.

All the branches necessary to fit young men for BUSINESS or COLLEGE will be taught.

Good boarding can be had on as reasonable terms as elsewhere.

☞ There will be no increase in the rates of tuition. For further particulars address either of the Principals, or the undersigned.

H.

MAYORS OF THE Great Cities.

We, the undersigned Mayors, hereby certify that the Druggists, Apothecaries, and Physicians of our several cities have signed a document of assurance to us that AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has been found to be a remedy of great excellence, and worthy the confidence of the community:—

HON. JAMES COOK,
Mayor of LOWELL, MASS.

HON. ALBIN BEARD,
Mayor of NASHUA, N. H.

HON. E. W. HARRINGTON,
Mayor of MANCHESTER, N. H.

HON. JOHN ABBOTT,
Mayor of CONCORD, N. H.

HON. A. H. BULLOCK,
Mayor of WORCESTER, MASS.

HON. NATH'L SILSBEE,
Mayor of SALEM, MASS.

HON. F. W. LINCOLN, Jr.,
Mayor of BOSTON, MASS.

HON. WM. M. RODMAN,
Mayor of PROVIDENCE, R. I.

HON. AMOS W. PRENTICE,
Mayor of NORWICH, CONN.

HON. J. N. HARRIS,
Mayor of NEW LONDON, CONN.

HON. CHAS. S. RODIER,
Mayor of MONTREAL, C. E.

HON. D. F. TIEMANN,
Mayor of NEW YORK CITY.

HON. H. M. KINSTREY,
Mayor of HAMILTON, C. W.

HON. ADAM WILSON,
Mayor of TORONTO, C. W.

HON. R. M. BISHOP,
Mayor of CINCINNATI, OHIO.

HON. I. H. CRAWFORD,
Mayor of LOUISVILLE, KY.

HON. JOHN SLOAN,
Mayor of LYONS, IOWA.

HON. JAMES McFEETERS,
Mayor of BOWMANVILLE, C. W.

HON. JAMES W. NORTH,
Mayor of AUGUSTA, ME.

HON. HENRY COOPER, Jr.,
Mayor of HALLOWELL, ME.

HON. JAMES S. BEEK,
Mayor of FREDERICTON, N. B.

HON. WILLARD NYE,
Mayor of NEW BEDFORD, MASS.

HON. J. BLAISDELL,
Mayor of FALL RIVER, MASS.

HON. W. H. CRANSTON,
Mayor of NEWPORT, R. I.

HON. FRED STAHL,
Mayor of GALENA, ILL.

HON. JOHN HODGDEN,
Mayor of DUBUQUE, IOWA.

HON. THOMAS CRUTCHFIELD,
Mayor of CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

HON. ROBERT BLAIR,
Mayor of TUSCALOOSA, ALA.

HON. R. D. BAUGH,
Mayor of MEMPHIS, TENN.

HON. GERARD STITH,
Mayor of NEW ORLEANS, LA.

HON. H. D. SCRANTON,
Mayor of ROCHESTER, N. Y.

HON. DE WITT C. GROVE,
Mayor of UTICA, N. Y.

HON. GEO. WILSON,
Mayor of PITTSBURG, PA.

HON. C. H. BUHL,
Mayor of DETROIT, MICH.

HON. HEMAN L. PAGE,
Mayor of MILWAUKIE, WIS.

HON. W. W. VAUGHN,
Mayor of RACINE, WIS.

HON. A. FARR,
Mayor of KENOSHA, WIS.

HON. JOHN C. HAINES,
Mayor of CHICAGO, ILL.

HON. M. J. A. HEATH,
Mayor of SELMA, ALA.

HON. A. J. NOBLE,
Mayor of MONTGOMERY, ALA.

HON. W. S. HOLYBAD,
Mayor of COLUMBUS, GA.

DON ESPARTERO MANUEL,
Mayor of VERA CRUZ.

DON PIETRE DE CABALLO,
Mayor of MEXICO.

DON ESTEPHANIE RODRIGUES,
Mayor of HAVANA.

DON ANTONIO ECHEVERA,
Mayor of LIMA, PERU

DON M. G. MILANGNO,
Mayor of VALPARAISO, CHILI.

DON MARO SESQUIPEDALIA,
Mayor of RIO JANEIRO, BRAZIL

Certify that the resident Druggists have assured them

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

Is an excellent remedy, and worthy the confidence of the community.

For Spring Diseases.
For Purifying the Blood.
For Scrofula or King's Evil.
For Tumors, Ulcers, and Sores.
For Eruptions and Pimples.
For Blotches, Blains, and Boils.
For St. Anthony's Fire, Rose, or Erysipelas.
For Tetter or Salt Rheum.
For Scald Head and Ringworm.
For Cancer and Cancerous Sores.
For Sore Eyes, Sore Ears, and Humors.
For Female Diseases.
For Suppression and Irregularity.
For Syphilis or Venereal Diseases.
For Liver Complaints.
For Diseases of the Heart.

The Mayors of the chief cities of the United States, Canadas, and British Provinces, Chili, Peru, Brazil, Mexico, and in fact almost all the cities on this continent, have signed this document, to assure their people what remedies they may use with safety and confidence. But our space will only admit a portion of them.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla,
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,
Ayer's Pills, and
Ayer's Ague Cure,

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & Co.
LOWELL, MASS.,
And sold by Druggists everywhere.

Wanted.

FOUR boys between the age of 14 and 16 years to feed a four cylinder printing press. Apply immediately at the Pittsburg *Gazette* office.—3w

"VANITY FAIR."

"This is the first really clever comic and satirical journal we have had in America—and really clever it is. It is both sharp and good-tempered, and not afraid to say that its soul is its own—which shows that it has a soul. Our readers will be glad to know where they can find native fun that has something better in it than mere *patois*."—*Atlantic Monthly.*

"This paper is excellent. . . . Remarkable for originality."—*N. Y. Traveller.*

"VANITY FAIR is conducted by a vivacious, witty and intelligent corps of journalists."—*Litchfield* (Conn.) *Enquirer.*

"Will wield as potent an influence as that of the London *Punch*."—*Boston Traveller.*

"Whosoever finds himself laughing at the wit of VANITY FAIR, and does not return a *quid pro quo*, is fit for treason, and spoils."—*N. Y. Crayon.*

SPECIAL NOTICE

The very marked and flattering success which has thus far attended the publication of "VANITY FAIR,"

Enables the publisher to announce that with the commencement of the Second Volume, issued this day, 30th June, New Features, both Literary and Artistic, will be introduced, which will increase the value and interest of the paper, and fully maintain the proud position unanimously accorded to it, as the leading

COMIC JOURNAL OF AMERICA.

VANITY FAIR

ISSUED REGULARLY EVERY THURSDAY.

and is for Sale by all Newsmen, and at the office of Publication, No 113 Nassau-street, New York.

TERMS:

Three dollars per annum, in advance—Six cents single copy.

TERMS FOR CLUBS:

Two copies of VANITY FAIR will be sent to one address for.....$5 00
Five copies.....12 00
Ten copies.....20 00

An Extra copy will be allowed to the getter-up of every Club of not less than five copies.

This paper is Electrotyped, and numbers may be procured at any time.

LOUIS H. STEPHENS,
Publisher for the Proprietors, 113 Nassau-st.
New-York.

MME. DEMOREST'S
Quarterly Mirror of Fashions,
With Great Improvements and Additions,
THE SUMMER NUMBER CONTAINS
FOUR LARGE & SPLENDID FASHION-PLATES, THREE FULL-SIZED PATTERNS OF DRESSES,
COMPRISING THE
New French Waist, an Elegant Sleeve, and a Misses Sack, and a Sheet of New and Beautiful
BRAID AND EMBROIDERING PATTERNS,
Together with nearly 100 Engravings of all the novelties for
Summer Bonnets, Cloaks, Trimmings, Children's Dresses, &c.,
And valuable information to Milliners, Dress Makers, Mothers, and Ladies generally, presenting the largest and best Fashion Magazine in the World, published 473 Broadway, N. Y., and sold everywhere at 25 cents, or sent by mail, post free, on receipt of the am't in stamps or silver. Year $1,00 with the following valuable premium.

Each yearly subscriber will be entitled to a receipt for the selection of 50 cents worth of plain patterns, from the designs in the book, or from the show room, or they may be ordered and sent by mail any time during the year, by paying postage.

☞ Splendid Inducements to Canvassers.
☞ Summer No. now ready.

GLORIOUS NEWS!

Not from the Army but from the Town of Beaver.

New Shoe Store.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the citizens of Beaver County that, in addition to his well selected stock of CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS and GENTLEMENS FURNISHING GOODS, he has lately purchased a well selected stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every kind and variety. My stock is the largest ever brought to the county, and I am determined to sell "cheaper than the cheapest".—Mind the sign of the "Big Hat."

Sept. 9'63. I. N. ATKINS.

ICE CREAM SALOON
In Bridgewater.

THE subscriber has fitted up, in an elegant and modern style, for an ICE CREAM SALOON, his house on the corner of Bridge and Mulberry Streets.

Cakes and Confectionaries,

of all kinds, constantly kept on hand.

ORDERS FOR ICE PROMPTLY FILLED.

May 25, 1864—4t FREDERICK WALZ.

ICE CREAM SALOON.

THE subscriber has opened, in connection with his CONFECTIONARY, an

ICE CREAM SALOON,

in the North-East corner of the Diamond, where persons can be accommodated. A share of the public patronage is solicited.

may25'65 FRED'K. WALTERS.

The said election will be held through the county as follows:

Estate of John Imbrie, dec'd.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN IMBRIE, late of Big Beaver township, Beaver County, Penn., dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. IMBRIE, Beaver,
R. S. IMBRIE, Darlington,
Administrators.
je29'64

T. M. McCord,
Notary Public.
OFFICE WITH
B. B. CHAMBERLIN, ATT'Y AT LAW,
(Near the Provost Marshal's office,
BROADWAY, NEW BRIGHTON,
BEAVER COUNTY, PA.

PROMT attention given to the drawing of EXEMPTION PAPERS, and all matters connected with the draft, also oaths administered, acknowledgments taken, &c., &c. [de16

A Gentleman cured of Nervous Debility, Incompetency, Premature Decay and Youthful Error, actuated by a desire to benefit others, will be happy to furnish to all who need it (free of charge) the receipt and directions for making the simple Remedy used in his case. Those wishing to profit by his experience and possess a Valuable Remedy—will receive the same, by return mail, (carefully sealed,) by addressing JOHN B. OGDEN,
No 60 Nassau Street, New York.
aug12-3m

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

WHEREAS, the Probate Court of Columbiana county, O., having granted to the undersigned letters testamentary on the estate of Horatia N. Barker, late of Perry tp. Columbiana county, Ohio, dec'd., all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

G. S. BARKER, Ex'r.,
jn19'64 New Brighton.

WASHER, WRINGER and STARCHER Combined! Silver and Bronze Medals, Diplomas, Certificates, Premiums, and Testimonials, have been received from various sources, both Public and Private.

Self-Adjusting and Adjustable! The only Wringer with the Patent Cog-Wheel Regulator, for turning both rolls together and which positively prevents the rolls from breaking or twisting on the shaft. It is not only a perfect Wringer, but the Cog-wheels give it a power which renders it a most Excellent Washer pressing and separating, as it does, the dirt with the water from the clothes, leaving them dryer, whiter, and smoother than when "wrung" by hand. The water can be pressed from large and small articles, easier, quicker, and more thoroughly than by the ordinary, old-fashioned back-breaking, wrist-straining, and clothes destroying process.—The Cog-wheels prevent all "wear and tear" of clothes by the friction of the rolls or breaking of stitches by twisting.

Without Cog-wheels, the whole strain of forcing the cloth through the Machine is put upon the lower roll, and the cloth is made to act in the place of Cog-wheels, to drive the upper roll, causing a much greater strain upon the lower roll than when Cog-wheels, with our Patent Regulator, are used, besides the extra strain upon the cloth: A Good Canvasser wanted in every town. Liberal inducements offered, and exclusive sale guaranteed.

R. C. BROWING, Agent.
347 Brodway, New York.
WM. G. WOLF, Agent,
May 11, '64 Borough township.

☞ J. R. TODD is Agent for Universal Clothes Wringer in the Townships of Moon, Hopewell, Independence, Raccoon, Greene, and Hanover.

MARRIAGE.

ITS loves and hates, sorrows and angers, hopes and fears, regrets and joys; MANHOOD, how lost, how restored; the nature, treatment and radical cure of spermaterrhœa or seminal weakness; involuntary emissions, sexual debility and impediments to marriage generally; nervousness, consumption, fits, mental and physical incapacity, resulting from SELF-ABUSE—are fully explained in the MARRIAGE GUIDE, by WM. YOUNG, M. D. This most extraordinary book should be in the hands of every young person contemplating marriage, and every man or woman who desires to limit the number of their offspring to their circumstances. Every pain, disease and ache incidental to youth, maturity and old age, is fully explained; every particle of knowledge that should be known is here given. It is full of engravings. In fact, it discloses secrets that every one should know; still it is a book that must be locked up, and not lie about the house. It will be sent to any one on the receipt of twenty-five cents in specie or postage stamps.

Address Dr. WM. YOUNG, 416 Spruce st., above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ *Afflicted and Unfortunate*, no matter what may be your disease, before you place yourself under the care of any of the notorious QUACKS—native or foreign—who advertise in this or any other paper, get a copy of Dr. Young's book, and read it carefully. It will be the means of saving you many a dollar, your health, and possibly your life.

Dr. YOUNG can be consulted on any of the diseases described in his publication, at his office, 416 Spruce Street, above Fourth, Philadelphia.

☞ Office hours from 9 to 3, daily. [mar26

PHOENIX
LOOKING-GLASS & PICTURE FRAME MANUFACTORY,

NOS. 221 EAST TWENTY-THIRD STREET, 173 & 175 GRAND STREET AND 215 CENTRE STREET.

ESTABLISHED 1838. N. Y. ESTABLISHED 1838.

THIS Establishment has been in successful operation for 24 years, and is the largest of the kind in the United States. We have on hand or manufacture to order every description of Looking-glass, Picture and Portrait Frames, Plain and Ornamental Pier, Wall, Oval & Mantel Glasses, Connecting Cornices, Base and Bracket Tables, with Marble Slabs, Toilet Glasses, &c., &c., &c. Mouldings for Picture Frames, in lengths suitable for transportation, either Gilt, Berling, Rosewood, Oak, Zebra, Birdseye, Mahogany, &c. Our new manufactory and extensive facilities enable us to furnish any article in our line as good as the best, and as cheap as the cheapest.

Dealers are invited to call upon us

When they visit New York. We claim to be able to supply to supply them with every article in our line which they can possibly purchase elsewhere.

☞ Orders by mail attended to with promptness. Do not fail to call when you visit New York.

Office & Warerooms, No. 215 Centre St., N. Y.
HORACE V. SIGLER, *Agent*
May7—3mos

THE GREAT CAUSE OF
Human Misery.

Just Published in a Sealed Envelope, Price 6 cts.

A LECTURE BY DR. CULVERWELL, ON THE CAUSE AND CURE of Spermatorrhœa, Consumption, Mental and Physical Debility, Nervousness, Epilepsy; Impaired Nutrition of the Body; Lassitude; Weakness of the Limbs and the Back; Indisposition, and Incapacity for study and Labor; Dullness of Apprehension; Loss of Memory; Aversion to Society; Love of Solitude; Timidity; Self-Distrust; Dizziness; Headache, Affections of the Eyes; Pimples on the Face; Involuntary Emissions, and Sexual Incapacity; the Consequences of youthful Indiscretion, &c., &c.,

☞ This admirable Lecture clearly proves that the above enumerated, often self-afflicted evils, may be removed without medicine and without Dangerous surgical operations, and should be read by every youth and every man in the land.

Sent under seal, to any address, in a plain sealed envelope, on the receipt of six cents, or two postage stamps, by addressing,

CHAS. J. C. KLINE & CO.,
127 Bowery, New York Post Office Box, 4586.

PROF. DAVID GORDON.

HAVING devoted a number of years to successfully curing *Wens, Tumors, &c.*, from motives of humanity, offers his professional services to the public of this county. His system is simple—inevitably produces a cure without producing pain to the patient. *No cure no pay.* Post office at Clinton, Allegheny, co., Pa.
je29'64.

AMERICAN GOLDPEN COMPANY,

MANUFACTURERS of Gold Pens and Pencil Cases of every description, and Sole Manufactures of the

Celebrated Angular Nibbed Pen.

A supply just received and for sale at the
jy20] *Bridgewater Drug Store.*

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS of administration on the estate of JOHN M. TOWNSEND, late of New Brighton, Beaver county, dec'd., having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against said estate will present them to the subscriber properly authenticated for settlement.

WM. F. TOWNSEND, Adm'r.,
sep14 New Brighton.

DRY GOODS

FOR THE

MILLION,

AT

GARDNER & SCHLEITERS,

SUCCESSORS TO

E. R. GARDNER & CO.,

92 Market St.,

PITTSBURGH,

Between Fifth st. and Diamond.

WE take the liberty to inform our friends of Beaver county that we have largely increased our facilities for carrying on the

Dry Goods Business,

at our old stand. Our entire attention will be be devoted to the increase of our business, in which the interest of our customers will be sustained and promoted by every means in our power.

NEW SPRING SILKS.

Our stock will comprise all comprise all the the Novelties in latest importations, including repps in all colors, plain and figured blacks, plain silks in all colors, check and brocade silks, Swiss and Foulard silks, all of which we will sell at such low prices that none can fail to be suited.

DRESS GOODS.

Our stock will be found replete, comprising over One Hundred different styles, in French, French, English, and German fabrics, of latest importations, at prices as low as years ago.

CLOAKS, SHAWLS,
AND
LACE GOODS.

We shall be in receipt of daily from New York, and our assortment, and prices, for cheapness, will be found second to none in the city. To this department we call particular attention.

HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS.

Linens, sheeting and pillow linens, toilet, Marsailes and honey comb quilts, in white, blue and pink, napkins, towles, linen table covers, and Irish linens, always on hand, at the lowest prices.

CLOAKING CLOTHS.

Cassimeres in plain and fancy, union cloths, tweeds, sattinett, corduroys, and men and boys wear of all kinds; the best stock in the city, at the lowest prices.

BALMORAL AND HOOP SKIRTS,

of which we are the sole agent of several celebrated makes, which we will sell to our customers at wholesale prices.

DOMESTIC GOODS.

Domestic and imported flannels. Our stock will be found large, and well selected, and our prices will be made so moderate as to place them within reach of oaesert

MOURNING GOODS.

CHEAP, CHEAP, CHEAP

KID GLOVES AND CORSETS.

Persons visiting the city for the purpose of purchasing Dry Goods, are respectfully invited to call, as our entire stock will be found

New, Desirable and Cheap.

GARDNER & SCHLEITER,

92

Market Street,

Pittsburgh,

BETWEEN FIFTH STREET AND DIAMOND.

FRIENDS AND RELATIVES
OF THE
BRAVE SOLDIERS AND SAILORS.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS
And Ointment.

ALL WHO have Friends and Relatives in the Army or Navy, should take special care that they be amply supplied with these Pills and Ointment; and where the brave Soldiers and Sailors have neglected to provide themselves with them, no better present can be sent them by their friends. They have been proved to be the Soldier's never-failing friend in the hour of need.

COUGHS AND COLDS AFFECTING TROOPS

Will be speedily removed and effectually cured by using these admirable medicines, and by paying proper attention to the Directions which are attached to each Pot or Box.

SICK HEADACHES AND WANT OF APPETITE INCIDENTAL TO SOLDIERS.

These feelings which so sadden us, usually arise from trouble or annoyances, obstructed perspiration, or eating and drinking whatever is unwholesome, thus disturbing the healthful action of the liver and stomach. These organs must be relieved, if you desire to be well. The Pills, taking according to the printed instructions, will quickly a produce a healthy action in both liver and stomach, and as a natural consequence a clear head and good appetite.

WEAKNESS OR DEBILITY INDUCED BY OVER FATIGUE,

Will soon disappear by the use of these invaluable Pills, and the Soldier will quickly acquire additional strength. Never let the bowels be either confined or unduly acted upon. It may seem strange that Holloway's Pills should be recommended for Dysentery and Flux, many persons supposing that they would increase the relaxation. This is a great mistake, for these Pills will correct the liver and stomach and thus remove all the acrid humors from the system. This medicine will give tone and vigor to the whole organic system however deranged, while health and strength follow as a matter of course. Nothing will stop the relaxation of the Bowels so sure as this famous medicine.

VOLUNTEERS ATTENTION! INDISCRETIONS OF YOUTH.

Sores and Ulcers, Blotchings and Swellings, can with certainty be radically cured if the Pills are taken night and morning, and the ointment be freely used as stated in the printed instructions. If treated in any other manner they dry up in one part to break out in another. Whereas this Ointment will remove the humors from the system and leave the Patient a vigorous and healthy man. It will require a little perseverance in bad cases to insure a lasting cure.

FOR WOUNDS EITHER OCCASIONED BY THE BAYONET, OR SABRE OR THE BULLET, SORES OR BRUISES,

To which every Soldier and Sailor are liable there are no medicines so safe, sure and convenient as Holloway's Pills and ointment. The poor wounded and almost dying sufferer might have his wounds dressed immediately, if he would only provide himself with this matchless Ointment, which should be thrust into the wound and smeared all around it, then covered with a piece of linen from his knapsack, and compressed with a handkerchief. Taking night and morning 6 or 8 Pills, to cool the system and prevent inflamation.

Every Soldier's knapsack and Seaman's chest should be provided with these valuable Remedies.

CAUTION.—None are genuine unless the words "*Holloway, New York and London,*" are discernable as a water-mark in every leaf of the book of directions around each pot or box; the same may be plainly seen by *holding the leaf to the light.* A handsome reward will be given to any one rendering such information as may lead to the detection of any party or parties counterfeiting the medicines or vending the same, knowing them to be spurious.

*** Sold at the Manufactory of Professor HOLLOWAY, 80 Maiden Lane, New York, and by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in Medicines, throughout the civilized world, in boxes at 25 cents, 62 cents and $1 each.

☞ There is considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

May 7.

600,000
MALE OR FEMALE AGENTS
TO SELL
Lloyd's New Steel Plate County Colored Map of the United States, Canadas, and New Brunswick.

From recent surveys, completed Aug. 10, 1862, cost $20,000 to engrave it, and one year's time.

Superior to any $10 map ever made by Colton or Mitchell, and sells at the low price of Fifty Cents; 870,000 names are engraved on this map.

It is not only a County map, but it is also a

COUNTY & RAILROAD MAP

of the U. S. & Canadas combined in one, giving Every Railroad Station and distances between.

Guarantee any woman or man $3 to $5 per day, and will take back all maps that cannot be sold and refund the money.

Send for $1 worth to try.

Printed instructions how to canvass well, furnished all our agents.

Wanted—Wholesale Agents for our maps in every State, California, Canada, England, France and Cuba A fortune may be made with a few hundred dollars capital. *No competition.* J. F. LLOYD, 164 Broadway, N. Y.

The War Department uses our map of Virginia, Maryland, and Pennsylvania, cost $100,000, on which is marked Antietam Creek, Sharpsburg, Maryland Hights, Williamsport Ferry, Bhoversville, Nolandt's Ford, and all others on the Potomac, and every other place in the above named States, or money refunded.

LLOYD'S TOPOGRAPHICAL MAP OF KENTUCKY, OHIO, INDIANA, and ILL., at the only authority for Gen. Rosecrans and the War Department. Money refunded to any one finding an error in it.

From the Tribune, Aug. 2.

"LLOYD'S MAP OF VIRGINIA, MARYLAND AND PENNSYLVANIA.—The map is very large; its cost is but 25 cents, and *it is the best which can be purchased.*"

Lloyd's Great Map of the Mississippi River.—From Actual Surveys by Capts. Bart and Wm Down, Mississippi River Pilots, of St. Louis, Mo., shows every man's plantation and owner's name from St. Louis to the Gulf of Mexico—1,850 miles—every sand-bar, island, town, landing, and all places 20 miles back from the river—colored in counties and States. Price, $1 in sheets. $2, pocket form, and $2,50 on linen, with rollers. Ready Sept. 20.

Navy Department, Washington, Sept. 16, 1862.

J. T. Lloyd—Sir: Send me your Map of the Mississippi River, with price per hundred copies. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Davis, commanding the Mississippi squadron, is authorized to purchase as many as are required for use of that squadron.

GIDEON WELLS, Secretary of the Navy.

FAILSTON
WOOLEN FACTORY.

THE undersigned expects to commence, this week, Carding, Spinning, Fulling, Finishing and Dyeing, also to manufacture Flannel, Cloth, Cassimeres, Satinetts and Blankets, at my old place in Fallston. For wear and durability, I can warrant the goods manufactured not to be surpassed. For the accommodation of those on the east side of the Beaver, Wool, etc., can be left at my house in Pulaski township, or John Hodgkinson's store in New Brighton.

je17,63 EPH'M. SMITH.

Dr. P. B. Young,

WHO has been for some time acting as Surgeon in the Army, having returned and again located himself in

Freedom, Beaver County, Pa.,

offers his professional services to the public.

☞ Office in Philps' building. [mh16'65

The Best Cure! The War has Begun! War of Extermination against Bad Teeth, Bad Breath, Diseased Gums, Toothache, Earache, and Neuralgia.

OUR ARTILLERY IS

DR. WM. B. HURD'S DENTAL TREASURY

A COMPLETE SET OF REMEDIES FOR
PRESERVING THE TEETH,
Purifying the Breath and Mouth
AND
Bring Toothache and Neuralgia.

CONTENTS.

Dr. Hurd's Celebrated MOUTH WASH, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's Unequalled TOOTH POWDER, one box.
Dr. Hurd's Magic TOOTHACHE DROPS, one bottle.
Dr. Hurd's UNRIVALED NEURALGIA PLASTER.
Dr. Hurd's MANUAL on the Best Means of Preserving the Teeth, including Directions for the Proper Treatment of Children's Teeth.
FLOSS SILK for Cleaning between the Teeth.
TOOTH PICKS, etc., etc.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, 77 Fourth St., Brooklyn, (E. D.)

Price, ONE DOLLAR; or SIX $5.

☞ The *Dental Treasury* makes a package eight inches by five, and is sent by express.

☞ *Full directions for use is on each article.*

The following articles we can send separately, by mail, viz:

The *Treatise on Preserving the Teeth* sent, post-paid, on receipt of TWELVE CENTS, or four stamps.

The *Neuralgia Plaster*, for Neuralgia in the Face, Nervous Headache, and Earache, sent post paid, on receipt of *Eighteen Cents*, or six stamps.

The *Neuralgia and Rheumatic Plaster* (large size,) for Pains in the Chest, Shoulders, Back, or any part af the body, sent post paid, on receipt of *Thirty-seven cents.*

Address,

WM. B. HURD, CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

Dr. Hurd's MOUTH WASH, TOOTH POWDER and *TOOTHACHE DROPS* cannot be sent by mail, but they can probably be obtained at your Drug or Periodical Stores. If they cannot, send to us for the DENTAL TREASURY, Price, ONE DOLLAR, which contains them.

NOW.

Are Dr. Hurd's Preparation Good?

The best evidences that they are is, that their firmest friends and best patrons are those who have used them longest. *Dr. Wm. B. Hurd* is an eminent Dentist of Brooklyn, Treasurer of the New York State Dentists' Association, and these preparations have been used in his private practice for years, and no leading citizen of Brooklyn or Williamsburg questions their excellence, while eminent Dentists of New York recommend them as the best known to the profession. Without the aid of advertising, dealers have sold them by the gross.

The Editor of the *Brooklyn Daily Times* says, "We are happy to know that our friend, Dr. Hurd, is succeeding beyond all expectations with his MOUTH WASH and TOOTH POWDER. The great secret of his success rests with the fact *that his articles are precisely what they are represented to be, as we can testify from their long use.*"

The well known P. T. Barnum writes: "I found your TOOTH POWDER so good that my family have used it all up. *We find it the best powder for the teeth we have ever used.* I shall feel obliged if you will send me another supply at the Museum at your convenience, with bill."

But their cost is so small that every one may test the matter for himself.

☞ Beware of the ordinary Tooth Powders. Dr. Hurd's Tooth Pooder contains no acids, nor alkali, nor charcoal, and polishes without wearing the enamel. Use no other.

WHAT WILL DR. HURD'S REMEDIES EFFECT?

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will give young ladies that finest charm in woman—a sweet breath and pearly teeth. Try them, ladies.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder will cleanse the mouth from all foul exhalations, and if used in the morning, will make the breakfast taste sweeter and the day begin more pleasantly. Hundreds of persons can testify to this. Try them, gentlemen.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder are the the best preparations in the world for curing *bad breath* and giving firmness and health to the gums. Hundreds of cases of *Diseased Bleeding Gums, Sore Mouth, Canker,* etc., have been cured by Dr. Hurd's astringent wash.

Dr. Hurd's Mouth Wash and Tooth Powder give an additional charm to courtship, and make husbands more agreeable to their wives and wives to their husbands. They should be used by every person having

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

which are liable to impart a taint to the mouth

Dr. Hurd's Toothache Drops cure Toothache arising from exposed nerves, and are the best friends that parents can have in the house to save their children from torture and themselves from loss of sleep and sympathetic suffering.

Farmers and mechanics! you cannot well afford to neglect your teeth. For a trifling sume you can now get preservatives, than which Rothschild or Astor can get nothing better. Remember that *Dyspepsia and Consumption of the Lungs* often originate in neglect of Teeth. Send for the *Treatise on Teeth*, and read Dr. Fitch's observations on this subject. If too late to arrest decay in your own teeth, save your children's teeth.

NEURALGIA PLASTERS.—Dr. Hurd's Neuralgia Non-Adhesive Plasters are the most pleasant and successful remedies ever prescribed for this painful disease. The patient applies one, soon becomes drowsy, falls asleep, and awakes free from pain, and no blister or other unpleasant or injurious consequences ensue. For *Earache* and *Nervous Headache*, apply according to directions, and relief will surely follow. Nothing can be obtained equal to Dr. Hurd's Compress for Neuralgia. Try them. They are entirely a novel, curious and original preparation, and wonderfully successful. They are of two sizes, one small, for the face, price 15 cents, and the other large, for application to the body, price 37 cents. *Will be mailed on receipt of price and one stamp.*

WHAT ARE THE PEOPLE DOING?

The American people are intelligent enough to appreciate preparations that contribute so much to happiness of those using them, and they wont them. Every mail brings us letters, some ordering the Treatise on Teeth, some the Neuralgia Plasters, and not a few enclosing 37 cts. for the Mouth Wash, to be sent by mail; but to these we are compelled to reply that it is impossible to send a half-pint bottle by mail. The people want these Remedies. *Who will supply them?*

Now is the

CHANCE FOR AGENTS.

Shrewd agents can make a small fortune in carrying these articles around to families. The Dental Treasury is the neatest article that a man or woman can carry around. Send for one and see, or, better, a dozen, which we will sell, as samples, for $7. Agents supplied liberally with circulars. ☞ Now is the time to go into the business, to do good, and make a profit. We are spending thousands for the benefit of agents. New England men or women! here is something nice, and a chance to take the tide at its flood. Address,

WM. B. HURD & CO.,
Tribune Buildings, New York.

That remittances may be made with confidense, W. B. H. & Co., refer to the Mayor of Brooklyn; to O. W. Griffith, President Farmer's and Citizens Bank, Brooklyn; to Jay Coe, New York; to P. T. Barnum, Esq., New York, etc., etc.

JUST OPENED,

NEW FALL
GOODS
of every Kind,

arred and Striped Flannels,
Red and Gray Twilled Flannels,
Plain Flannel, all Colors,
BLANKETS and SHAWLS,
New Styles Dress Goods,
Alpaccas, Delains, Barred Poppline, Wool
Delains French Merinos, Prints,
Ginghams, Pant Stuffs, Brown
and Bleached Muslins,
Hoop Skirts,
Balmoral Skirts,
Ladies and Children's Shoes,
Men and Boys Hats, Ladies and Misses Hasis, Hosiery, Gloves, Trimmings, and
YANKEE NOTIONS.

A full stock now ready for inspection, at

FORTUNE'S
CELEBRATED CHEAP STORE,
IN ROCHESTER, PA.

Come and See for Yourselves

before purchasing, and be convinced how low Dry Goods can yet be bought.

Remember the Place
NEAR THE POST OFFICE,
In ROCHESTER,
AT
FORTUNE'S.

Office of JAY COOKE,
SUBSCRIPTION AGENT,
At JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers,
114 SOUTH THIRD STREET,
Philadelphia, Nov. 1, 1862

THE undersigned, having been appointed SUBSCRIPTION AGENT by the Secretary of the Treasury, is now prepared to furnish, at once, the

New Twenty Year 6 per cent Bonds

of the United States, designated as "Five Twenties," redeemable at the pleasure of the Government, after five years, and authorized by Act of Congress, approved February 25, 1862.

The COUPON BONDS are issued in sums of $50, $100 $500, $1000.

The REGISTER BONDS in sums of $50, $100, $500, $1000 and $5000.

Interest at Six per cent. per annum will commence from date of purchase.

PAYABLE IN GOLD

Semi-Annually, which is equal, at the present premium on gold, to about EIGHT PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

Farmers, Merchants Mechanics Capitalists, and all who have any money to invest, should know and remember that these Bonds are, in effect, a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all Railroads, Canals, Bank Stocks, and Securities, and the immense products of all the Manufactures; &c., &c., in the country; and the fast and ample provision made for the payment of the interest and liquidation of principal by Customs Duties, Excise Stamps and Internal Revenue, serves to make these Bonds the *Best, Most Available and Most Popular Investment in the Market.*

Subscriptions received at PAR in Legal Tender Notes, or notes and checks of Banks at par in Philadelphia. Subscribers by mail will receive prompt attention, and every facility and explanation will be afforded on application at this office.

A full supply of Bonds will be kept constantly for immediate delivery.

JAY COOKE, Subscription Agent.

JONES'
DYEING & SCOURING
ESTABLISHMENT.
39 OHIO STREET,
(West of Federal)
ALLEGHENY, PENN'A.

THE Proprietors of this Establishment have been engaged for a number of years in the most extensive establishments in this country, in the cities of New York and Philadelphia, where all the improved appliances and apparatus are employed. Being also in possession of the very latest discoverics and methods of European Dyers, they dye and finish Ladies' Silk, Satin and Merino Dresses in a superior style In many cases, these articles are made in color and finish, very nearly equal in appearance to new Goods.

☞ *All Goods returned in two weeks*

KOLLOCK'S
Dandelion Coffee.

THIS preparation, made from the best Java Coffee, is recommended by physicians as a superior NUTRITIOUS BEVERAGE for General Debility, Dyspepsia and all bilious disorders. Thousands who have been compelled to abandon the use of coffee, will use this without injurious effects. One can contains the strength of two pounds of ordinary coffee. Price 25 cents.

KOLLOCK'S LEVAIN.

The purest and best BAKING POWDER known, the making light, sweet and nutritious Bread and Cakes. Price 15 cents.

Manufactured by
M. H. KOLLOCK, Chemist,
Corner of Broad and Chestnut streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
And sold by all Druggists and Grocers.
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